Abdul Meguid continues Vienna talks

VIENNA (AP) — Egyptian Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid on Tuesday held talks with Austrian President Kurt Waldheim and Chancel Tuesday held talks with Austrian President Kurt Waldheim and Chancellor Pranz Vianizky on the second day of an official visit. A chancellery
spokesman emited Mr. Abdul Meguid as telling Mr. Vranitky that the
Eilenine Liberation Organisation should appoint its own representatives
the Widdle Fast peace conference. Elaborating on what he told his
"Austrian Contempart Alois Mock Monday, however, Mr. Abdul Meguid
added that the PLO delegation should be part of Jordan's delegation.

Billion negotiations should be possible within the framework of an
international Middle East conference, the chancellery spokesman quoted

Mr. Abdul Meguid as saving Environ's concern regarding the Mr. Abdul Meguid as saying. Expressing Egypt's concern regarding the nearly seven-year-old Gulf war, the visiting minister said an Iranian victory could have wide-reaching consequences for the Arab World. He said Iran could use religion m exert control over the other states in the region. Mr. Abdul Meguid told both Mr. Vranitzky and Dr. Waldheim about Egypt's economic difficulties resulting from falling oil prices and

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Sandi Arabia 1,50 rivals; UAE 1,50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Regent visits army

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, on Tuesday made a visit to a unit of the Fourth Royal Armoured Division. The Crown Prince was briefed by the unit's high-ranking officers on its training courses, major activities and duties. Prince Hassan then met with officers of the unit and conveved to them His Majesty King Hussein's greetings. The Crown Prince, accompanied by a number of officers, also visited a frontline military post.

Gemayel meets Goulding on UNIFIL

BEIRUT (R) — U.N. Under-secretary-General Marrack Goulding met top Lebanese officials nn Tuesday to discuss the renewal of the U.N. Interim Force In Lebanoo (UNIFIL) mandate, official sources said. Mr. Gnulding met President Amin Gemayel and other senior officials as part of regional consultations ahead of the expected U.N. Security Council decision later this month, the sources said.

Libya and Tunisia resume air links

TUNIS (R) — Tunisia and Libya have resumed air and communications links severed when Tunis broke diplomatic relations with Tripoli nearly two years ago. The Tunisian state airline Tunis-Air stopped flying tn Libya after the diplomatic rift over a Libyan mass expulsioo of migrant workers. The announcement of a resumption of flights, made by Social Affairs Minister Hedi Baccouche, is the latest in a series of moves to patch up relations, including Libyan repayment of frozen Tunisian assets and compeosatioo for the expelled

Iranian diplomat flees from Turkey

ERZURUM (AP) — An Iranian consulate official fled to his country after being accused of working against Turkey's secular system by a military prosecutor, the Hurriyet news agency reported Tuesday. The dispatch said Habibullah Shahsahhani Rashti, a vice consul in Iran's consulate in this eastern city, escaped from Turkey in a consulate car on July 4 after he learned that be would be tried on charges of making illegal propaganda seeking to change Turkey's social, economic and political system.

Bomb kills 2 Spanish guards

ONATE, Spain (AP) — A bomb believed set by Basque rebels exploded Tuesday as a Civil Guard vehicle passed by, killing grardsmen and seriously wounding two, police said. The attack at about 11 a.m. on a highway outside Onate 55 kilometres south of San Sebastian brings to 29 the number of deaths caused by extremists this year. Police said the attack was similar to previous ones carried out by ETA, the Basque separatist organisation that has claimed responsibility for the deaths of nearly 600 people since 1968, when it began an armed campaign tn secure independence for the three-province northern Spanish Basque

INSIDE

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third of Seoul Games, page 6

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Masri reaffirms Jordan's

rejection of separate talks to settle Mideast conflict

Foreign minister briefs expatriates on peace efforts

By Nermeen Murad Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri on Tuesday reiterated Jordan's position on the proposed Middle East peace conference by reaffirming that no conclusive or lasting peaceful solution to Arab-Israeli conflict could be reached through separate

Mr. Masri, addressing the third ri said. conference of Jordanian expatriates which opened Monday, said Jordan's stand remained that Palestinian participation in the proposed forum was imperative since the Palestinian question represented the core of the Middle East conflict. Any partial settlement to the problem that does not take into account the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people will be neither comprehensive nor durable, Mr. Mas- through a U.N.-sponsored inter-

people were killed and about 200

mjured on Tuesday when two powerful bombs ripped through

rush-hour crowds in Karachi,

Pakistan's biggest city, hospital and police sources said.

The blasts came within half an

bour of each other, the first in a

crowded street beside Empress

Market and the second near the

The government-run Jinnah

and civil hospitals issued calls for

blood donors and bundreds of

anxious people rushed there in search of missing relatives.

of responsibility for the attacks,

which came nine days after

bombs killed seven people and

wounded more than 50 in Pakis-

tan's political heartland, Lahore.

suddenly saw objects flying through the air and heard a

deafening explosion," local resi-

dent Oasim Bugti told Reuters.

"Many men, women and chil-

were unconscious on the pave- ments."

dren were crying for help, many

"I was sitting in my flat when I

There was no immediate claim

Bohri Bazaar 100 metres away.

The minister reiterated Jordan's refusal to represent the Palestinian people in peace negotiatinns saying that since the Palestinians were a large part of the conflict they should take part in talks to settle the problem. Mr. Masri said Jordan remained committed to bringing about a peaceful settlement based on U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 to be reached

At least 50 killed and 200

injured in Karachi blasts

"Cars were damaged, people were running here and there, there was total confusion, reads

were blocked, ambulances came,

Ambulance personnel reported

Bomb attacks have been more

seeing many bodies with limbs or

commo in Pakistan's North

West Frontier Province, border-

ing war-torn Afghanistan than in

other parts of the country, though

increasing in numbers in recent

litan port city, has been riven with ethnic clashes between the

rival Mohajir and Pashtun com-

munities over the past few years

with hundreds of people killed in

But nn major bomh attacks

have been linked to that conflict.

Broadcasting Minister Qazi Abdul Majid Abid hlamed Tues-

day's blasts on "subversive ele-

Pakistani Information and

street fighting and massacres.

Karachi, a sprawling cosmopo-

heads blown off.

but there were too many in-

national peace ennference attended by all parties involved in the conflict, including the Palestine Liberatinn Organisatinn

The minister explained that Jordan firmly believed that PLO participation in the proposed conference as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people should compensate for the failure of Resolution 242 to see the Palestinian problem as more than a refugee question and the U.N. document's inherent granting of an advantage as an occupying power and leverage to Israel to decide where to start negotia-

The PLO refuses to accept Resolutions 242 and 338 on their own as the basis for a settlement to the Palestinian problem. Jordan's insistence on adopting Resolution 242 as the hasis for the international conference is aimed at ensuring that the confer-

ence will be held and it will

achieve what the resolution rep-

mabad saying "the tragedy has plunged the entire nation into

grief and sorrow" and adding:
The government will not fail

in its duties to trace the culprits

and will give them exemplary

One police source said Iranian

exiles had been active recently in

the vicinity of the Bohri Bazaar

but there was no indication oo

whether they were connected

detained several people for ques-tioning. Firemen brought the

blazing buildings under control.

that the government was planning

to set np special courts to curb what he called growing terrorist

special task force to fight subversion was also in the initial stages.

targets in Karachi some four

years ago. Other targets since then have included a Libyan trad-

ing company and the office of the

He said the establishment of a

Four bombs hit French-linked

A state minister said Monday

Police sealed off the areas and

with the blasts.

Taher Al Masri

resents — Israel's withdrawal from all the occupied territories and an end to the Jewisb state's seizure of Arah lands - Mr. Masri told the expatriates attend-

ing the conference.

The minister, recalling the 1983 Feh. Arab summit's unanimous endorsement and call for a peaceful settlement with Israel as the only feasible solution to the Middie East conflict, said Jordan had been acting on the basis of this concept and "spearheaded efforts to hring about solidarity among Arah countries, since Arab unity is a prelude towards a settle-

Outlining Jordan's efforts to secure international acceptance of an international peace conference on the Middle East conflict,

(Continued on page 3)

Head of Soviet team urges Israel to join peace parley

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — The leader of a Soviet delegation cal-led on Israel oo Tuesday to join an international Middle East peace conference, and stated on Monday the forum should not force Israel to accept "unfavourable" terms.

A senior Jewish Agency official, meanwhile, said the Soviet Union bas begun permitting Soviet Jewish emigrants to fly directly to Israel via Bucharest, Romania.

This was seen as a concession to Israel, which has sought direct flights to reduce the number of "drop outs," Jewish emigrants who choose to go to the United States nr Europe instead nf

The Soviets acknowledged the visit twn days after it started in a statement issued by the TASS news agency in Moscow.

The delegation "will meet representatives of appropriate Israeli establishments to solve technical issues of a consular nature connected with the stay of Soviet citizens... in Israel, to examine on the spot the state of Soviet immovable property and regulate its juridical status," it said.

Yevgeny Antipov, head of the first Soviet delegation to visit Israel in 20 years, was rushed by protesters chanting anti-Soviet slogans and demanding freer Jewish emigration as he and other group members visited the Israeli fore-

"We discussed technical aspects of nur visit with head of the legal (complaints) department and chief of the consular department Yakov Aviad," Mr. Antipov told reporters

Earlier, Mr. Antipov said the Kremlin would un longer insist the Mideast peace conference impose solutions on its participants.

Mr. Antipov, speaking Tuesday on Israel army radio, said the Soviet Union would not renew diplomatic ties with Israel because "the normalisation of the situation in the Middle East should come first and it can be achieved through an international conference."

peatedly stressed the need for a proposed international conference on Middle East although they have insisted that their visit is not a vehicle for negotiations be-tween Israel and the Soviet Uoinn on the subject.

Iraqi jets pound key Iranian base in Gulf for second day

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Iraqi planes nn Tuesday launched a second strike nu an Iranian offshore base in an apparent bid to stop hit-and-run gunboat raids an Gulf shipping before the U.S. navy starts escorting oil tankers in the waterway.

Shipping sources said Iraqi jets zeroed in on fuel storage tanks and radar installations un Al Farsiyah Island, Tehran's key base in the oorthern Gulf for high-speed Swedish-huilt mntor launches

nsed to harass shipping.

A Baghdad high command communique said the planes hit the island at 7.56 a.m. hut made nn mention of Iran's naval facilities, first attacked on Mnnday after two launches mounted a moonlight raid against a French

the base before the U.S. navv started escorting Kuwaiti tankers which Washington has agreed to put under the American flag. Baghdad also reported a lnng-

range air attack on Tuesday nn

Iran's Rakash offshore oilfield in the southern Gulf where another small fleet of motor launches is thought to uperate. Iran has repeatedly attacked shipping connected with Kuwait

cause of the emirate's support for Iraq in the Gulf war. Iranian motor launches, manned hy Revolutionary Guards, have made a series of hit-and-run attacks this month. One attacked the U.S. supertanker Peconie last-

Lack of spare parts has severe

Shipping sources said Iraq ly hampered Iran's ability to seemed to be trying to knock out attack shipping from the air, but attack shipping from the air, but aviacion sources in the reginn said Tehran had launched a \$500 million drive to revive its airforce and update missile guidance sys-

tems (See page 2).
In their Monday raids, Iraqi jets attacked oil installations at Farsiyah, an nil tanker uff the Iranian coast, and nil tanker holding area nff Kharg Island, Iran's major oil export rerminal, in the northern reaches of the

Gulf-hased mariome salvage executives said the Iraqi warplanes have inflicted heavy damage nn Kharg in the late night strike, destroying one of the ter-minal's two loading berths.

(Continued on page 3)

Iran accuses French diplomat of spying

BAHRAIN (Agencies) - The ern outskirts, French consul in Tehran has been nrdered to appear before the Islamic revolution court io Tehran's Evin Prison on charges nf "espionage activities against Iran," Tehran Radin reported Tuesday,

The state radio, identified the diplomat as Jean-Paul Torri in a brief report.

A more detailed report later said Mr. Torri had been summoned by the court to provide "some explanations."

The radio quoted unidentified "informed sources" as saying he has been charged with "acts of espionage against the interests of

It said Iranian anthorities have also accused him of "contact with fugitive counter-revolutionaries. providing facilities for their activities and their departure from the country, activity in contra-band networks and smuggling antiques and foreign exchange out of the country.

The radio said the French charge d'affaires in Tehran, Pierre la France, was summoned to the Foreign Ministry and handed the summons for Mr. Torri.

The radin reported that "a number" of the unidentified enunter-revolutionaries have been arrested and that "efforts to identify others continue." It did

not elaborate. Iran's Islamie regime halds hundreds of political detainees in

It was notorinus as a torture centre by the late Shah Mnhammad Reza Pahlavi's secret police, Savak, before Ayatollah Ruhnl-lah Khomeini's revolutino top-

The annuncement came the day after Tehran radio denounced the alleged beating of an Iraman diplomat by French police at Geneva airport Saturday as "a savage act.'

pled the mnnarch in 1979.

The developments marked a sharp deterinration in Franco-Iraman relations. These bave been severely

strained since June 30 when French police ringed the Iranian embassy in Paris in a hunt for Wahid Gordji, a translator authorities want to question in con-nection with bombings in the capital last year.

French President Francois Mitterrand said earlier Tuesday that Mr. Gordji must answer police questions about a series of bomb attacks in Paris last year.

Mr. Gordji was "suspected of having taken part in terrorist acts in France," be said. "The law is the law and an Iranian just as any other must submit to it."

Iran has accused French police. of beating up an Iranian diplumat at Geneva airport nn Saturday and stealing official documents

from him. The accusations against Mr. Torri came the day after Iranian

Revolutionary Guards attacked a

Fahd urges more efforts to end war

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — King Fahd nf Saudi Arabia has called for more efforts by Arab and Islamie countries to persuade Iran to accept a ceasefire and end its war with Irag.

The king made the call at a cabinet meeting in the summer resort of Taif Monday night, the Saudi Press Agency (SPA) reported.

The mnnarch said "siocere-Arab land Islamie efforts" were needed to convince Iran to stop the bloodshed and settle differences with Iraq through peaceful negotiations and good neighbour-

ly relations. This was oecessary to "keep dangers away from the region, said the king, whose remarks were reported by Informatino Minister Ali Hassan Al Shaer.

Meanwhile, Iraq insisted anew it would not accept partial solutions related to its shipping block ade in a war zone in the Guif except as part of a comprehensive cod to the war.

Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin Ramadan, in an interview with the Arabic-language magazine Knl Al Arab, said an Iranian campaign for an cod to the "tanker war" was aimed at "fragmcoting the solution or keeping the international community away from 'dealing with a comprehensive settle-

Moscow and Peking support arms embargo, page 2

Evin Prison, on Tehran's north- French freighter. King Hassan begins state visit to Britain officials in London have pro-

stage, began a state visit to Britain on Tuesday hoping to win support for the cotry of his country in the European Community (EC). British officials said the king

would also discuss Morocco's war against Polisario guerrillas in the Western Sahara as well as its trade position, which has been adversely affected by the entry of Spain and Portugal into the EC, and the Middle East.

The king, who is on a three-day visit to Britain, will meet Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher on Wednesday.

Algerian-backed Pnlisarin front guerrillas have been fighting Moroccan troops for 11 years in an effort to gain independence for the Western Sahara. Polisarin future," he said. Goria launches efforts to

government and commentators

predicted the result could be a

short-term "truce" cabinet to

allow more time to resolve Italy's

Mr. Goria, the outgoing treas-

ury minister and a Christian

Democrat, was chosen Monday

night in a surprise move by Presi-

dent Francesco Cossiga to over-

come what a presidential state-

ment described as a "situation of

Mr. Goria, set to become Ita-

ly's youngest prime minister at 43

if the succeeds in his task, met

protracted political crisis.

grave difficulties."

form Italian government

ROME (R) - Prime Minister- Tuesday and said afterwards that

designate Giovanni Goria began he would begin formal consulta-

work on Tuesday on forming a tions with other parties nn

Wednesday.

₩ar II,

At least 50 members of the House of Lords circulated a letter called on King Hassan's governthrough parliament on Tuesday, petitinning that "nn British weapon should be delivered to Mnrocco while the king persists inquiry into allegations of torwith his unjustifiable war of ture" of poliocal detainees. aggression. Britain promised last December to help Morocco nbtain trade

concessions from the EC in the face of new competitioo from Spain and Portugal, which be-cause of their climates produce similar products to Morocco such as citrus fruit and tomatoes. King Hassan said in an inter-

view with the Times of London at the weekend that Morocco was committed to becoming a member of the 12-nation community. "It is with Europe that we see our

His government would be 1ta-

Mr. Goria said he wanted a

solution as soon as possible but

refused to say what sort of major-

ity he would seek. "That would

be putting the cart before the horse," he told reporters.

ity government since a five-party

coalition led by Socialist Prime

Minister Bettino Crazi collapsed

in March, prompting early elec-tions in June which failed to

resolve the crisis.

Italy has been without a major-

ly's 47th since the end of World

In a separate protest over the king's visit. Amnesty International, the human rights group, ment to "immediately release all prisoners of conscience in Murocco... and establish an impartial During the welcoming ceremony, King Hassan shook hands

with each member of the royal party un the red-carpeted platform at Victoria station after stepping nut of the royal train which brought him from the snuthern seaside resnrt nf Brighton. The king and an entnurage of 180 spent Monday night at the

Grand Hotel in Brighton to avoid an early mnrning start from Mnrocco which he would have had to make to arrive in time for Tuesday's traditional ceremonial welcome in Londoo.

Members of the royal party who joined Queen Elizabeth for the ceremooy were Prince Philip, the prince and princess of Wales and the duke and duchess of

Prime Minister Thatcher also attended the official welcoming

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He issued a statement in Isla- U.S. Pan Am airline. ments. I saw womeo with blood North says he turned down \$1m bribe offer from Iranian arms dealer

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -North said Tuesday he was to the bathroom and suggested offered a \$1 million bribe by several incentives to retain Mr. Iranian middleman Manneber Ghorbanifar if be would keep using his service in covert U.S. arms sales to Iran. Lieutenant-Colonel North told the congressional Iran-contra hearings that he rejected the offer, which be said Mr. Ghorbanifar made in London in January last year.

"Mr. Ghnrbanifar offered me a milling dollars if we could make this prosper," he told the com-

Col. North's revelation of the purported bribe came as Democratic Senator Sam Nunn was taking the marine lieutenant colonel over some of his testimony of last week, in which he said it was Mr. Ghorbanifar who first suggested using profits from the Iran arms sales to arm Nicaragua's "contra" rebels.

Col. North said Mr. Ghorbanifar, suspected by the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) of being an Israeli agent, had taken him aside at the London meeting and, in a conversation in a bathroom, proposed the diversion of funds and offered the bribe.

"He offered a bribe to you right there in the bathroom?" asked Mr. Nunn, looking incre-

"Yes, sir," replied Col. North. Asked what his response had beeo. Col. North said he had told Mr. Ghorbanifar: "It was out of the question — could not, would not (accept it)."

Sacked White House aide Oliver Mr. Gbnrbanifar had taken him into the operation. Ghorbanifar as the middleman for a shipment of Tow anti-tank missiles arms to Iran via Israel to

> be made the next month. Earlier the Iran-contra panel handed Col. North a nationally televised forum Tuesday, letting him deliver a pro-contra briefing modelled on the one be nften used while working for the White

> Col. North has been accused of improperly using the pitch to raise money for the Nicaraguan The panel bickered for more than an hour before Col. North

> got the floor. When he did, he said his talk is designed to show "the Soviet threat in this hemisphere" and included descriptions of Soviet weapons found in various Ceotral

> American countries. Col. North spoke as he oeared the end of his six-day stint in the witness chair — and as former National Security Adviser Robert McFarlane waited in the wings to contradict Col. North's testimony on a number of important points.

States to sell Iran anti-tank missiles out of a desire to cripple before an impassive Col. North, Iraq's tank corps.
Sen. James McClure also suggested that Israel manufactured artificial difficulties with one of Iran-contra scandal once the

its shipments to Iran in order to hearings had ended.

A senator suggested Tuesday that Israel pushed the United

Col. North said last week that draw the United States further

Mr. McClure asked Col. North to confirm that it was Israel's suggestions that the United States ship Iran anti-tank Tow missiles. Col. North confirmed that the Tow suggestion had come from

According to the Tower Commission report on the U.S. arms sales to Iran, the United States and Israel shipped Iran some 2,000 of the U.S.-made missiles 1985 and 1986.

On what was supposed to be the sacked White House aide's final day of testimony, members rebels during a congressional ban of President Reagan's Republi-on government aid to the contras. can Party argued heatedly oot to let Col. North go until he demnnstrated a slide show he gave dozens of times to potential donors supporting the contras.

But the Democratic-dominated congressional committees decided it was not technically possible to show the slides during the hearings, televised live to millions of American bomes, and made them part of the printed record of the hearings instead.

Col. North was permitted to

pick through the slides before the

Senate and House of Representa-

tives investigating committees and describe each one. As the pro- and anti-contra aid factions wrangled oo television Mr. Reagan proclaimed he would "stand on the roof and yell" in defence of his actions in the

Delegation members have re-

'The solution is found in compromise and the good will of all the participants... to achieve lasting peace, all must agree," the deputy bead of the consular directorate at the Soviet Foreign Ministry told reporters Monday. | Christian Democrat leaders on

LONDON (Agencies) — King Hassan of Morocco, who is seektested about King Hassan's visit. ing a higher profile on the world

Turkey

to appoint

top security

official for

troubled

south east

ANKARA (R) - A top official

will coordinate security in south

eastern Turkey under a decree published Tucsday aimed at deal-

ing with a Kurdish insurgency

The emergency rule district

governor, yet to be named, will

cover eight of Turkey's 67 pro-

vinces from next Sunday when

martial law ends in four of them,

that has claimed at least 60 civi-

lian lives in the last month.

U.S. navy may start Gulf Iran seeks escort duty next week

Weinberger: U.S. may fire first at Silkworms

attacked a French merchant ship

and Iraq said its planes attacked a

large naval target - Baghdad's

usual term for a tanker or mer-

Diplomats in Kuwait said the

first ship to sail under a U.S. flag

would be the 401,382-tonne

Bridgeion, a huge supertanker until recently called Al Rekkah

and now at anchor just outside

The diplomats said it would

enter the waterway protected by

American warships - a number

of which have gathered in the

Gulf and the Arabian Sea to the

Another Kuwaiti tanker, the

43.604-10nne Gas Al Minagish,

renamed the Gas Prince, was on

its way 10 join the Bridgeton from

the Mediterranean. The other

nine ships involved in the scheme

would be reflagged over the next

week will bring to a climax weeks of

debate, within and outside the

United States, on whether the

Reagan administration should

proceed with plans to defend

Kuwait's tankers from attack by.

"We don't have a precise date for it," Mr. Weinberger said

of the tanker escort service. "The

formalities that are required for

escorted, we will do that. We will

ing last week to seek their

Describing his mission as more

successful than anticipated, two

U.S. officials said the Soviets and

China had acknowledged the

need for an arms embargo if the

cautioned that the Soviets and

Chinese had not given Gen. Wal-

ters an unshakable pledge to vote.

with the United States for the

tive," one of the officials said.
The Soviets had been leaning

toward an embargo for several

They came out very suppor-

But the officials, speaking on

embargo if Iran rejects ceasefire?

backing.

boycott.

south — after the reflagging.

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States has given notice it will attack Iranian Silkworm missile sites if Iran shows intent to use the weapons against Kuwaiti oil tankers, soon to be under U.S. naval protection.

chant ship.

the Guif.

"The Silkworm is a weapon capable of causing considerable Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger said Monday. "It is important that everyone understand that we would not have to wait until it actually hit

Mr. Weinberger said in an interview with a newspaper chain that U.S. warships and aircraft will begin escorting the first of 11 Kuwaili tankers to carry U.S. fiags through the Gulf "imminently," indicating the first escon could come as early as next

Diplomats in Kuwaii said the first American flag would be placed on a ranker next Monday or Tuesday and the protection would begin immediately.

The United States has charged Iran is preparing to mount the Chinese-built Silkworm anti-ship missiles, capable of carrying 1,000-pound (453-kilo) warheads, along the Strait of Hormuz at the entrance to the Gulf.

Mr. Weinberger said the United States would not launch what he called a pre-emptive strike against the missiles, but was prepured to attack them if Iran sbowed hostile intent, such as tocking Silkworm targetting radar

ento U.S. ships.
Asked if the United States would shoot before it was shot. he replied: "Under certain circumstances, that is quite correct. "Nobody is talking about a pre-emplied strike. We are talking about responding to hostile in-tent," added Mr. Weinberger, who said Iran had not yet mounted the missiles on mobile launchers but could do so within

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Soviet Union and China have

quietly informed the U.S. gov-

emment they support in principle

an arms embargo against Iran it it

refuses to agree to a ceasefire

expected to order the ceasefire

it is determined to keep fighting

until Iraqi President Saddam

boycott to be imposed by the

15-member council within 30 to

45 days of adopting the ceasefire

resolution. The support of the

Soviet Union and China is consi-

ambassador to the United Na-

tions, went to Moscow and Pek-

The plan calls for the arms

Hussein is forced out.

with Iraq, officials have said.

escorts will soon leave California for the northern Indian Ocean. In the Gulf Monday. Iran

The Missouri, protected by 12inch (30-cm) armour and armed with long-range cruise missiles and heavy guns, could retaliate if Iran attacked U.S. ships.

Pentagon officials that the bat-

tleship USS Missouri and several

The hattleship Missouri will be in the Indian Ocean before long." Mr. Weinberger said.

U.S. House backs Gulf ceasefire

Meanwhile the U.S. House of Representatives, which last week passed legislation seeking a 90day delay in putting U.S. flags on Kuwaiti tankers, Monday called for a ceasefire between warring

Iran and Iraq. The resolution, which does not carry the force of law but reflects concern among congressmen over the long war in the Gulf, was approved by a voice vote.

The measure now goes to the Senate, where some Republican supporters of President Reagan and Democrats also are worried about the U.S. policy of putting American flags on 11 Kuwaiti vessels and protecting them with The start of the operation next U.S. warships in the Gulf.

Critics have said the reflagging could drag the United States into the war, now in its seventh year. But they admit they can not stop the operation.

There may be little we can do to hring this war to an end," said congressman Steven Solarz, a Democratic member of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, during brief dehate Monday. "But we can speak out."

reflagging haven't quite been completed. But when they are He said an Iranian victory in the completed and there is a war would he "a severe blow to Western interests in the region." Kuwaiti tanker in position to he A ceasenre resolution, backed by the United States, is pendiog in the United Nations Security

little bedge (did not commit ful-

ly)," the other U.S. official said.
As permanent council mem-

bers, either country has the power

to block the boycott hy exercising

its veto power. Gaining their sup-

port — at least in principle — is

considered a major achievement

in the U.S. diplomatic effort to

White House strategy calls for

end the Gulf war that has been

the council first to adopt a cease-

fire resolution calling for negotia-

tions and then enforcing it with-

an arms emhargo if either side

Shultz is expected to participate

in the discussion of the ceasefire

resolution when the council takes

it up later this week. The prupose

is to underscore the importance

the administration attaches to

U.N. efforts to end the war.

Secretary of State George

raging since September 1980.

the other U.S. official said.

be doing it imminently." The defence secretary also confirmed previous statements by Council. Moscow, Peking support U.N. arms

to boost air force strength

BAHRAIN (R) - Iran is making a major effort to revive its air power to counter a U.S. military buildup in the Gulf and Iraqi attacks on its oil lifeline, aviation sources in the region said

The sources said Iran had earmarked at least \$500 million to update technical systems on its 80 serviceable F-4 and F-5 American-made jets and make up to 40 more planes airwortby.

Iran wanted to increase the number of warplanes along the Gulf coast to help deter any attacks and to protect its oil shipping lanes, the sources said.

The sources said Iran was also trying to boost its aircraft missile armoury, depleted by age and attacks on Gulf shipping. "Iranian representatives have approached firms in Asia and

in this husiness there is never a lack of interest in such deals." one source said.
The sources said Iran, emboldened by its arms-for-hostages deal with the Reagan administra-

Europe to achieve their aims and

tion, had even approached firms linked closely with major U.S. inilitary suppliers.

Iran's air force, largely equipped with U.S. jets and arms supplied before the Shah was

toppled in 1979, has been forced by lack of spares and weapons to play only a peripheral role in the seven-year war with Iraq.

The sources said updated refurhished F-4s and F-5s would still be no match for the sophisticated F-14 Tomcat interceptors flown from at least one U.S. aircraft carrier stationed just outside the

But they could hold their own with most of the Soviet and French planes flown by the Iraqi Air Force, the sources added. The Iraqis, with some 500 serviceable planes, have enjoyed air superiority for most of the war.

The sources believed Iran planned to deploy at least 30 fighters near its main naval base at Bandar Ahbas on the Strait of Hormuz, the mouth of the Gulf and conduit for about one sixth of the non-Communist world's oil im-DOITS. Other locations for air rein-

forcement were Lavan Island, just off the mainland in the central Gulf, and Bushehr in the north, near Iran's main Kharg Island export terminal. Lavan and Bushehr would enable

Iran to provide substantial air

cover for its tanker fleet shuttling export oil from Kharg to the southern Gulf. Kharg and the shuttle fleet have been mauled by Iraqi jets in hundreds of attacks over the past three years since the war spilled

over into the Gulf as Baghdad sought to choke off Iran's oil Tehran has retaliated with strikes against shipping of Iraq's craft.

"We are paying bomage to a N'Djamena is 1982 at the end of

Washington concerned over Israeli treatment of Arab, black visitors sions Israeli officials confiscated the American passports of visi-

ited States has expressed concern about the treatment of some American tourists in Israel and said the issue had been raised

was considering issuing a travel advisory for that country. He said that since the start of

In the past, complaints have

ign countries," Mr. Redman said. "We oppose any discrimination

against our citizens on the basis of race, religion or ethnic background," be added. Mr. Redman said be could not

immediately say how many complaints were raised or how the number compared with previous He said the issue has been

raised a number of times in recent weeks by U.S. officials in Israel. The New York Times, quoting

Kuwaiti Naval Commander

Habib Al Mil, qnoted by the daily, said the mines found in

Kuwaiti waters were anchored to

the seabed and moved with the

current either on or just below

the surface. Diplomats say they

Diplomats say Kuwait is con-

Knwaiti Defence Minister

sidering Saudi Arahian, Egyptian

and U.S. help to remove the remaining nine to 11 mines.

are an old Soviet type.

sy in Tel Aviv advised the State Department three weeks ago to issue a travel advisory warning Arab-Americans and black Americans that they might be

turned away from Israel or asked to post bonds on their arrival there. The Washington-based American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) has accused

Israel of subjecting U.S. citizens of Arah origin to harassment or forcing them to pay unreasonably high bonds when they try to enter Israel to visit relatives

discuss cooperation in mine clear-

tankers have been avoiding the

Al Ahmadi channel and sailing

with less than full cargoes in more

Mil said Kuwaiti naval units

were guarding entrances to ter-

ritorial waters and inspecting

Diplomats say the mines could

Kuwait has ordered Dutch

have been laid by Iranian com-

mercial or Revolutionary Guard

minehunters to boost its own

mine-clearing capability and the

sources say.

ships entering them.

the only areas still clamped under the measure. Emergency rule, giving civilian authorities wide law and order ing, the Knwait News Agency (KUNA) reported. Since the four mine hlasts, oil powers, will cover all eight prorinces.

The decree said the official would control all security forces in the region and have authority to order the temporary or permanent closure or merger of vishallow water around it, shipping

The decision follows an unsurge in activity by autonomy-seeking guerrillas of the Kurdish Workers Party, accused of killiag at least 60 civilians in the last month.

Civilians, especially village guards, headmen and their families, have become main targets for rebels in an apoarent campaign to loosen links between central government and Kurdish areas.

Dutch government said last week it would not oppose the sale. The Soviet Union, with three Turkey denies the existence of Sheikh Salem Al Sabah Monday minesweepers in the Gulf area, met a Saudi naval delegation to has also offered help. its estimated eight million Kurds as a separate ethnic group.

WASHINGTON (R) - The Un- have followed np individual complaints on a case-by-case basis, tors to guarantee that the tourists stressing that the United States do not stay very long. It also said the U.S. consulate believes strongly that all American citizens are entitled to equal treatment under the laws of forein Jerusalem and the U.S. embas-

strongly with Israeli officials. State Department Spokesman Charles Redman refused to sav. however, whether Washington

the summer tourist season the department had received a number of complaints from Palestinian-Americans about their treatment by Israeli officials. ·

also come from some black American tourists, be said.

"We have raised the issue with the government of Israel and on more than two dozen occa-

Kuwaiti navy defuses mine in territorial waters KUWAIT (R) - The Kuwaiti to identify and clear mines, which holed four merchant tankers in navy has lifted and defused a

the Gulf war.

May and June, including a Soviet 110-kilogramme mine found in its territorial waters, Al Anhaa newspaper reported Tnesday. tanker leased to the emirate. Guif-hased shipping sources hlame the mines on Iran, which has singled out Kuwaiti-linked It published several photovessels for attack in response to the emirate's support for Iraq in

graphs of the mine, which diplemats said appeared to be one of 10 to 12 found recently with the help of U.S. naval experts in and around the channel leading 10 Kuwait's main oil export port of Al Ahmadi.

Al Anbaa said its correspondents accompanied a recent mine-clearing operation but did not say when or where it took

The mine was found shortly before Washington planned to reflag 11 Knwaiti tankers and give them naval escorts to deter Iranian attacks on the northern emirate's oil lifeline.

Knwait has sought foreign help

PARIS (R) - Once shunned as

Habre takes seat of honour at Bastille Day parade friendly head of state," said Dehis successful revolt. fence Minister Andre Girand in France, after casting around in

an outlaw and an enemy of France, Chadian President Hissene Habre took the seat of bonour Tuesday at the annual Bastil-"He is also a symbol of a great success: The Chadians reconle Day military parade in Paris. The wiry desert warrior sat to the right of President Francois

Mitterrand on the reviewing stand as the French Armed Forces showed off their bardware on the Champs Elysees Avenue. a Third World nation."

Mr. Habre, a former guerrilla chieftain who fought against French troops in the 1970s, ismaking his first visit to Francesince his ragged fighters bumbled the Soviet-supplied army of Lihyan leader Muammar Qadhafi in_northern Chad.

France trained and equipped The sources said more jets at | Mr. Habre's army as well as providing air cover, but French troops took no part in the lightning attacks of January and March which drove the Libyans from most of their bases in the former French colony.

The hardware which helped the victory over the Libyans -French warplanes and Milan antitank missiles - featured prominently in the parade, which this year included more than 6,000 people, 600 vehicles and 100 air-

an interview with L'Express

quered their territory with our help but without a single French "And all this was done without

the conflict appearing to be a hattle between a rich country and But diplomats say Mr. Giraud's

words mask a continuing distrust of Mr. Hahre by some French officials dating from the 1970s when he rebelled against the French-hacked government of then Chadian leader Ngarta Tomhalbaye.

Mr. Habre hit the beadlines when he kidnapped French archaeologist Francoise Claustre m 1974. She was released almost three years later after France parachuted a ransom of 10 million francs (\$1.5 million).

In 1975 Habre's men also tortured to death a French mediator, Major Pierre Galopin, whose death is still remembered by the

Mr. Habre, recognised as one of Africa's most talented guerrilla chiefs. Marched into the capital

the country after decades of civil war, gave its blessing to his plan to reconquer the north from

Libya and its local allies. France and the United States supplied Mr. Habre with the weapons he needed, but he has frequently complained of receiving only the absolute minimum

vain for another leader to reunify

and at the last minute. His visit to France follows a trip last month to Washington a rare reversal of the usual itinerfrom French-speaking Africa.

Habre vows to regain Aouzou

control of a disputed border region occupied by Libyan troops but says he is ready to seek a peaceful end to the long-running conflict.

"The dangers that threaten our country remain tenacions," Mr. Habre said Monday night at a dinner hosted by French Prime Minister Jacques Chirac.

"One way or another, and pre-

he added. A series of lightning attacks by

Mr. Habre's army ousted Libya from its main bases in the country hut Tripoli still controls the remote Aouzou region running along their common border. Aouzou, a vast, largely uninhabited desert area, has been occu-

pied by Libyan forces since 1973 but is claimed by both Tripoli and N'Djamena as their own. Chad has recovered most of its territory and restored its unity...

but without a doubt, it is still far a rare reversal of the usual itiner- from reaching a completely satisary followed by a head of state factory situation." Mr. Habre

ary successes.

equipped foreign army invaded Chad... France remained faithful to itself and to its friends by placing itself on Chad's side to confound the ambitions of the Tripoli regime." he added.

dered essential, since either one weeks. China, which the White could block an embargo with a House rates as Iran's principal W10. Vernon Walters, the U.S.

The U.N. Security Council is ceasefire were ignored.

ker this week, but I fan has said condition of anonymity,

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE Keran 15:50 Review ol programmes 16:55 Cartoons and Children's prog-Jammes . Small Wonder Arabic series
Local programme
News in Arabic
Arabic series Cultural programme 21:50

...... Wrestling
News in Arabic Wrestling contd. PROGRAMME TWO 19:60 Cinq filles a pains News in French
... A jourd 'hut en Jordanie
 19:20
 News in Hebrew

 19:45
 Sports Magazine

 20:63
 News in Arabic
 29:30 Three's Crowd 21:16 The Silk Road 22:01 News in English 22:20 News in English 22:20 The Wheels

> RADIO JORDAN 55 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

07:69	Light Music
08:00	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:05	Morning Show Could,
11:00 .	Men from the Ministry
11:30	Sones from Movies
	News Summary
12:05 .	Readings
10	Pop Session
1,3:CO .	Naws Summary
	Pop Session
	News Bulletin
	Instrumentals
	Piano Magic
	Concert Hour
	News in Summary
	nstrumentals
	Old Favouries
	Jordan Weekly
	Pop Session
	News Summary
	Now Music Music
19:00	
	Date with a Star
	Evening Show
	New Summary
-,	Tic 4 · Delianaty

arms supplier, was noncommittal until Gen. Walters' visit. They both support an embargo in principle, though they left a

TV & RADIO

..... Evening Show Contd.

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

23:05 Evening Show Continue

..... News Headlin

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Oancing a Hornpipe in Fellers 07:40 Soccer contd. 07:45 Reflections 07:50 Finan-cial News 08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Report on Religion 08:45 The World Today 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Meridian 10:00 World News 10:00 24 Hours: News Summary 10:40 Development 37 11:00 World News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 Development '87 11:90 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Classical Record Review 11:30 Brain of Britain 1987 12:90 World News 12:09 Arinsh Press Review 12:15 The World Today 12:30 Financial News; Look Ahead 12:45 Happy Talk 13:00 News Summary; Omnibus 13:30 Trivia Test Match 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Aritain 14:15 Oancing a Hornpipe in Feners 14:25 A Lener from Wales 14:30 Meridian 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Masterpiece in Miniature 15:25 The Farming World 15:45 Sports Round-up 16:00 World News 16:99 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 Development '87 17:00 News 16:30 Development '87 17:00 News Summary: Outlook 17:45 Report on Religion 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Keep to the Path 18:30 Radio Active 19:00 World News 19:09 Commentary 19:15 Counterpoint 19:45 The World Today 20:00 World News 20:09 A Letter from Wales 20:15 From Cradle to Grave 20:40 Book Choice 20:50 Sports Round-up 21:00 Newsdesk

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740,

11925 and 15210 Hz 06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VQA Morning 07:00 News 67:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 09:00 News 69:10 Newsline 09:30 VOA News 69:10 Newsline 09:30 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Magazine Show 21:00 News 21:30 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:30 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:16 News & Teatures 23:16 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:17 Newsline America 23:30 Music USA Jazz 23:400 News 20:10 News 20:10 Newsline USA Jazz 24:400 News 20:10 Newsline USA Jazz 24:400 News 20:10 Newsline USA Jazz 24:400 Newsline USA Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 00:10 World Report

WHAT'S GOING ON TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

* An art exhibition by Omar Besoul at the Housing Bank Centre's gallery juntil July 18).

Paintings exhibition by Refat Al Hariri at the French Cultural Centre (until July 23)

* An exhibition of photographs on the history and development of Berlin City at the Soviet Cultural Centre (until July 16)

* A photographic exhibition by Zohrab at the Royal Cultural Centre.

JERASH FESTIVAL (July 8-31)

Wednesday 15/7/87 South Theatre: 7:30-8:30 — Royal Jordanian Folk. Troupe 9:30-11 — Tunis Folk. Group

Sound & Light;
 Children's Play Ammo Amin

Artemis Steps:
8-9 — Polish Pupper Theatre Troupe

6-7 — Jordan Armed Forces Band 7:30-9 — W.G. Band & Folk Group 9-11 — China Acrobatic Troupe

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 6610267 American Centre 644371 American Centre Library 641520 British Council 636147/8 French Cultural Centre 637009 Goethe Institute 641993 Soviet Cultural Centre 644203 Spanish Cultural Centre 624049 Turkish Cultural Centre 639777 Hava Arts Centre Hussein Youth City Y.W.C.A. . 641793

MUSEUMS

Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

export revenue.

Arab backers.

Morlyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia daing from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Clab. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the intercontinental Hutel, 2.00

p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman. Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534. **CHURCHES**

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic). Jahel Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic).

Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic).

Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366
Church of the Ampanciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdab, Tel. 623541.

Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383.

Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich.

Tel. 771331. Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-

Armenian Orthodox Charen Astra-fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Astrafieh, Tel. 771751. Ausman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 677534 Evangelleal Lutheran Church Jabal Amman, 6th Circle, 1Rev. N. Smir), Tel. 811295. "Children's Heritage and Science

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

..... Agaba (RJ) Cairo (RJ) 10:30 Kuwait (R1) Damascus (RJ)
Dhahran (RJ) aahrain (...... Kuwait Jadd.) (...... Dubai, Abu Dbabi (11:00 18:00 18:40 18:50 t9:05 ... London, Geneva (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

. Karachi 1PK 1 Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF) 14:35 Kuwait | KU) 16:00 Damascus (TY Baghdad (IA) Paris, Damascus (AF) 19:25 ... Beirut (MF Frankfurt (LH) .. Tripoli i Pi

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

| 06:06 | Kuwail (add.) (RJ) | 08:00 | Aqaba (RJ) | 12:09 | Vienna, New York (RJ) 12:30 Aihens (RI) 12:45 Vienna, Chicago, Los Angeles . London (RJ) Cairo (RJ) Istanbul (RJ) 13:30

FOR THE TRAVELLER Kuwait (RJ)
Dhahran (RJ)
..... Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RI) 20:50

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Cairo, London (BA) 08:30 09:25

Larro, London (BA)
Larraca, Zurich (SR)
Tripoli (PK)
Rome (AZ)
Damascus (IY)
Cairo (MS) 10:35 .. Kuwaii /LN Sanaa (TY Medina, Jeddah (SV

Baghdad (IA)
..... Karachi (PK) PRAYER TIMES

05:,37 12:42 16:22 MONEY EXCHANGE Tuesday rates

Local sell/buy rates in fils Belgian franc 89.57 70.5 Dutch guilder 164.97 166.5 French Iranc 55.87 56.3 25.67 25.9 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Temperature will be around annual average and the winds will be north-westerly moderate. In Aqaba, winds

will be northerly moderate and calm Min/max. temp. 15 / 37 Aqaba .. Desens Jordan Valley

Praising the role of French soldiers who helped train and supply the Chadian army, Mr. Mr. Habre has vowed to regain Habre said France had played a critical role in his country's milit-

"At a time when a powerfully-

France had over 2,500 soldiers backed by combat aircraft and ferably by peaceful means, it is essential that Chad recovers the colony at the height of the fighttotality of its territory within the frontiers it had at independence," ing between Chad and Lihya Ihis frontiers it had at independence."

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. Radio Jordan 774111/19 Ministry ol Tourism 642311 Hotel complaints 666412 Price complaints 661176

EMERGENCIES

Amman downtown fire brigade ... 198
First aid ... 630341
Blood Bank ... 778303
Civil Defence rescue ... 661111
Fire headquarters ... 622090-3
Police rescue ... 192, 621111, 637777
Police headquarters ... 639141
Traffic police ... 896390/1
Electric Power Co. ... 636381/4, 624881
Municinal water complaints ... 77113586

Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60 HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 64281/6 Akileb Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Malhas J. Amman Malhas, J. Amman .. Palestine, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Muasher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali . 666127*1*37 664164/6 Al-Ann, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 777101/3

GENERAL

NIGHT DUTY Dr. Mahmoud Abu Mahfouz 793344 Dr. Yousef Smeirat 821311 Hijazi pharmacy 622508 Umm Uthaina pharmacy 813200 . 636140 TAXIS: 664171/4 Neel pharmacy 644438
Talal taxi 640081
Faisal taxi 627051 . 845849 667227/5

Telephone Information

Repair service

Al Gharat pharmacy 243661 674155 Jordan Television 773111/19.

Dr. Laurence Bader

.. 243338

IRBID:

MARKET PRICES

. 891611/15

602240/50

		-
Upperflower price in fils per kg. Apple (Lebanese & Turkish) 300 / 250 Banana 320 / 280 Banana (Mukammar) 270 / 220 Beans (Mukammar) 280 / 220 Cabbage 100 / 70 Carrot 230 / 150 Carrot 220 / 150 Cauthflower 220 / 150 Cucumbers 150 / 100 Eggplani (large) 70 / 50 Eggplani (small) 150 / 100 Garific 500 / 400 Grapes 340 / 280 Lemon 380 / 320	Mallow Marrow Onion (dry) Orange (local) Okra Pepper (hot) Pepper (sweet) Plums Potato Raddish Squash Sweetmelon Tomatoes Vine leaves	150 / 120 / 80 170 / 120 / 80 170 / 120 360 / 320 140 / 100 140 / 100 150 / 450 190 / 120 120 / 200 120 / 200 120 / 200 120 / 200

Many obstacles remain for holding int'l peace conference — U.S. expert

By Lamis K. Andoni Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A former U.S. official has warned that prospects for convening an international peace conference on the Middle East this year, or in the near future. are meager if not even non-exis-

Mr. William Quandt, who served as head of the Middle East Office at the National Security Council (NSC) under President Jimmy Carter (1977-1981), argued that perther the international nor the regional conditions were conducive for the convening of such a conference. He said that there was now no consensus among the parties involved on a number of key procedural and substantive issues.

Mr. Quandt, who is also a prominent expert of the Middle East at the Brookings Institution in Washington, D.C., was speaking at a seminar co-sponsored by the Arab Thought Forum (ATF) and the World Affairs Council at the ATF headquarters here on Monday.

Even if such a conference convenes, under the prevailing conditions, Mr. Quandt cautioned, "it is not clear to me that the conference can go very far before

Mr. Quandt's pessimistic assessment contrasted with statements made by a number of political leaders which indicated that the regional and international support has strengthened the chances for the bolding of the international conference in the foreseeable future, if not this

Bnt, Mr. Quandt, who based his conclusion on a historical comparison between the conditions in 1977, when similar efforts to convene an internationconference were underway, and 1987. He argued strongly that the regional and international conditions in 1977 were by far more propitions for holding such a meeting than the prevailing situation and political equations a decade later.

In Mr. Quandt's view, the in-ternal Israeli and Arab divisions and the fundamental differences between the Soviet Union and the United States over conceptual and procedural issues-would impede the convening of the inter-

with Israeli officials, expressed the opinion that the differences between the two partners in the ruling Israeli coalition government "are deep and fundamental over the convening of an interna-

tional conference. While the Labour Party has endorsed the principle of holding an international peace conference as a cover for direct Israeli-Arab talks," leaders of the Likud Party have categorically rejected the idea, dubbing it a "venue for increasing the Soviet influence in the region."

According to Mr. Quandt, the party interested in the conference m Israel "is still a minority without a strategy to break out from

being a minority. Some analysts believe that if the Labour Party managed to secure a majority in a new election, should the coalition break apart, current Foreign Minister Shimon Peres could then guaran-

tee strong support for the idea. tion could provide a compromise But, Mr. Quandt disagreed: solution in which both the Israeli There is no guarantee whatsoev- and the American opposition to a er that there will be a different Palestinian state, and the Palestigovernment (if there were elec- mian demand for exercising selftions). There is no particular determination, could be reconreason to think that the fun-ciled. damental stalemate in Israel can be overcome anytime in the near

Mr. Quandt said that current strained relations between the major Arab parties, which are supposed to participate in the PLO demand to participate on conference, was a serious impediment to the convening or the ties in the conference. success of the conference. He was referring to the strained relations awareness among most of the between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Syria, Jordan and Egypt, as well as the Syrian-Egyptian estrangement.

The lack of a unified Arab negotiating position, was, in Mr. Quandt's analysis, one of the major stumbling blocks which "prevented any progress towards a Geneva conference in the

On the international level, Mr. Quandt said that both superpowers had different concepts of the proposed conference. The Americans still cling to the 1973 style Geneva conference, while the Soviets are thinking in terms of a plenipotentiary conference in which the plenum would have a more effective role.

He also noted that regional disputes have become more interrelated and the importance of solutions have increasingly grown within the context of the Soviet-American relations and interests. Another serious obstacle cited Mr. Quandt was the inability of the current American administration to play an effective role in the region partly due to domestic constraints, and partly due to the decline in American credibility in the region following the Iran-

contra affair. Despite his pessimism, however, Mr. Quandt conceded that there have been important developments, over the past few years, which provides for "a restrained optimism" over peace

prospects in the area. He elaborated on these positive developments. First, be said that the initiative was made by the parties concerned for a peace conference, and not by external

Furthermore, the regional parnational peace conference.

— ties come to a degree of common.

Mr. Quandr, who visited Tel understanding over some concep
Aviv last week and conferred that issues. There is also some ties come to a degree of common . understanding about procedural issues at least between the U.S., Israel, Egypt, Jordan and "half of the Israeli government."

Secondly, there seemed to be less reluctance to include the Soviets in Washington, where talking about this issue "is no longer illegitimate," Mr. Quandt observed.

Thirdly, the parties involved have been able to articulate important concepts which can actually contribute to solving some of the most important procedural and substantive obstacles. These concepts were coutained in the Feb. 11 agreement of 1985 between Jordan and the

According to Mr. Quandt, the concept of forming a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation provided a framework for resolving the issue of Palestinian representation. While the concept of a Palestinian-Jordanian confedera-

Expatriates discuss area's conflicts, occupied lands

By Nermeen Murad Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The welfare of the Palestinian population in the Israeli-occupied Arab territories and prospects of convening the proposed international peace The Feb. 11 accord was officonference, were prominent cially abrogated by the PLO last topics during discussions Tues-April/Mr. Quandt, however, did day, the second day of the Third Jordanian Expatriates' Congress. not address the implications of

the Palestinian decision. He also

did not expound on the current

equal footing with the other par-

parties concerned that peace

ment "all in one step." There is also an understanding that the

final agreement could be a num-

ber of agreements worked out

Mr. Quandt said that those

four developments were positive, but maintained that the obstacles

still outweighed the progress that

has been made, and that it was

most unlikely that the conference

would be convened this year.

American expert, who has writ-

ten a number of books on Amer-

ican policy in the Middle East,

adhered to the opinion that the

Egyptian-Israeli accord has paved

the way for progress in peace efforts, as far as affecting atti-

tudes towards peace negotiations. Mr. Quandt, however, referred

to the positions of the parties

which participated in the Camp

David talks only in the context of

his historical comparison between

In his historical comparison,

Mr. Quandt noted that there are

many similarities between the

political conditions which pre-

vailed in 1977 and the situation

today, especially as far as the

differences over procedural and

substantive issues are concerned.

now an apparent agreement

among the parties concerned on

the framework of the peace nego-

tiations. But as in 1977, an agree-

ment between the two superpow-

ers is needed which can direct the

efforts of the regional parties

The differences over the issues

of Palestinian representation and

the role invested in such a confer-

ence had also dominated the poli-

tical arguments then as strongly

as they do today, he observed.

issue of Palestinian representa-

tion was resolved when the PLO

agreed to name delegates to a

unified Arab delegation. An im-

portant issue which was not re-

resolved now was the role of such

a conference and how negotia-

tions were going to be conducted.

cularly Israel, insisted on bilateral

negotiations through geographic working committees, others

sought a comprehensive settle-

ment which would cover all the

According to the Syrian view, any Arab country would have the right to veto any bilateral agreement if its rare not not of a

ment if it was not part of a

comprehensive settlement of the

Arab-Israeb conflict. "This in my

view was the major obstacle," he

bilateral disputes.

While some parties, and parti-

lved then and has not been

But, in Mr. Quandt's view, the

He said that, like 1977, there is

1977 and 1987.

Throughout his lecture, the

over a long period of time.

Fourth, there is a growing

gotiations would not necessari-

lead to an immediate agree-

Delivering a working paper entitled "Jordan's Foreign Policy, Issues and Stands," Minister of Foreign Affairs Taher Al Masri pointed out that Jordan's adamant demand for PLO participation in the proposed conference as the sole representative of the Palestinians should compensate for the error of the U.N. Resolution 242 in failing to recognise Palestinian problem as more than a refugee question and giving Israel the powerful advantage of deciding where to start the nego-

Touching on inter-Arab conflict, Mr. Masri pointed out that without Arab solidarity, which he described as a prerequisite to any proposed peaceful settlement in the Middle East, not only would it be impossible to reach a united decision concerning Middle East problems but it would also threaten each country's economic

and social development. Mr. Masri discussed Jordan's efforts to remove Arab differences and called for an Arab summit conference to face the common hardships and difficul-

The foreign minister concentrated on the Iran-Iraq war which he described as "an aggressive war by Iran aimed at expansion and the spreading of Iran's Isla-mic revolution." He further warned that "the collapse of Iraq will open the gates of the region to Iran's greed.

Following Mr. Masri's speech, Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Marwan Dudin presented a paper on the occupied Arab terri-

tories and Jordan's role in supporting the Palestinians steadfastness. He discussed the economic recession in the West Bank and Gaza Strip which is a direct result of the hurdles placed by the Israelis in front of the Palestinian

residents and companies. He said that this Israeli policy aims at removing any economic self-reliance which West Bankers might attain by trying to integrate the land and resources into Israel's own economy.

Mr. Dudin also discussed in detail the Jordanian-sponsored development plan for the Arab territory. This discussion comes as the first of its kind in an expatriates conference.

The minister pointed out that special assistance is required for the continuing steadfastness of the Palestinian people in Israeli-occupied territories. This assistance should be in the form of social and economic projects which would support the general conditions in the West Bank and

The Jordanian-sponsored plan, with a spending capacity of JD 362 million between 1986-1990, will cover several areas of need such as housing, education, agri-culture, health services, industry and social development.

Earlier, on Monday, the partiipants at the conference discussed the achievements of the Second Expatriates' Congress and Jordan's efforts to provide for the need of those Jordanians who live and work abroad.

The Jordanian government has been able to, since the Second Expatriates' Congress, to implement the resolutions adopted by the earlier congress. These re-solutions cover areas of dual nationality, social insurance. mandatory military service, coop-erative housing schemes, family registration book, passports, higher education, primary education, youth, incentives and investment services and transportation

Work begins on health centres

Secondary stage students

required to buy textbooks

AMMAN (Petra) — Health laboratory services.

Minister Zaid Hamzeb laid the These first aid an cornerstone Tuesday for two health centres at Ashrafieb and Hashemi districts of Amman which cost approximately JD

Each of the two centres will include clinics to offer mother and child care, and X-ray, and

the secondary stage at govern-ment schools will now be re-

quired to buy their textbooks

the preparatory and elementary stages will continue to receive

textbooks from the Ministry of

Education free of charge, according to Minister of Education

A Ministry of Education state-

vided all books to government

schools in the country free of

Thougan Hindawi.

from bookshops but students of tic year.

· These first aid and emergency

centres will be open for operations 24 hours a day and will reduce the pressure at Al Bashir Hospital, according to a ministry

Work should be completed by the middle of 1988.

Dudin details economic effects of Israeli steps on Palestinians

Jordan to pump JD 362m into occupied lands

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Marwan Dudin presented to the Third Jordanian Expatriates Conference Tuesday a working paper on the conditions of the Israeli-occupied Arab lands and Jordan's role in supporting the steadfastness of the Arab people there. The paper included details about a Jordanian-sponsored development plan for the occupied Arab territories.

The paper, the first of its kind to be presented to an expatriates conference, details the measures Israel has taken to hinder the development of the Arab eco-

nomy in the occupied areas.

The Arah people under Israeli rule are in need of support and assistance to resist Israel's measures," the minister said. This assistance can best be offered through social and economic projects that would enable the Arab population to remain steadfast in their homeland.".

The Jordanian-sponsored plan, Mr. Dudin noted, envisages spending a total of JD 362 million between 1986-1990 on infrastructure projects in the areas of health, economic, industrial, agricultural, educational, and social services, at the rate of JD 72 million annually.

"What Jordan wants," he said, "is to maintain the Arah identity of the occupied land, develop its human resources, create jobs for workers, and enhance the Arab population's ability to hold on to their land and support themselves through their own means without

relying on Israel's economy."

The minister said a special committee has been set up to supervise the plan in the occupied territories and to ensure sufficient funds are available for each pro-

He also noted that projects in the fields of health, education, agriculture, social services, electricity, water, roads and the like. will be fairly distributed to diffe-rent areas of the occupied territories. The areas are divided into nine zones: Jerusalem, Jenin, Nablus, Toulkarm and Qalqiliya, Ramallah, Jericho, Bethlebein, Hebron and the Gaza Strip.

The committee has begun implementing the projects and has raised by 50 per cent the salaries of teachers at government schools, allocating JD 3.9 million

3,000 pilgrims

to arrive from

AMMAN (J.T.) - At least 3,000

Muslim pilgrims will be crossing

into the East Bank from the

occupied territories today on

their way to the holy places in Saudi Arabia, according to a re-

port in the Arabic daily, Al Ra'i.

day, estimated at 1,000 pilgrims.

are expected to start the trip to

the holy places Friday, according

cials, were at hand to welcome

Those who crossed here Mon-

occupied

annually for this purpose, Mr. Dudin added.

ln his working paper, Mr. Dudin presented a general review of the present situation in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip occupied by Israel since 1967.

which, he said, are adversely tor, the minister noted. affecting the Arab population's economic, industrial, agricultural and trade sectors, Israel's measures, the minister noted, are also designed to seize Arah water resources, confiscate Arab-own- countries. These crops, which he ed land and destroy the Arab said, are being shipped across the

According to the minister, the Israelis have so far confiscated 53 per cent of the total land of the West Bank, including Jerusalem and 30 per cent of lands in the Gaza Strip. As a result, between 1968 and 1985 235,500 Arabs have been forced to leave their homeland, in addition to 400,000 forced to leave during the 1967 war itself, Mr. Dudin noted.

He said that Israel has flooded occupied territories' markets with Israeli made goods and products and continues to block Arah industrial and agricultural products from reaching Israeli markets, with the result that Israel has sold nearly \$600 million worth of goods to the Arah inhabitants up

Mr. Dudin said Israel continues to impose heavy taxes on the Arabs, takes measures designed to weaken the Arab economy and tries to gather the largest possible amounts of hard currency from the occupied Arab

Mr. Dudin dwelt in some detail npon the industrial, agricultural, trade and labour force sectors in the occupied territories.

He said that Arab-owned industry under Israeli rule cannot compete with the Israeli industry because of restrictions, heavy taxes, and repressive measures imposed on the Arab owners and workers by the authorities.

The Arabs have to import their raw materials from Israel at high cost and cannot find sufficient markets for their industrial products, the minister noted.

In view of the situation, Mr. ment has decided to allow the West Bank industrial products to cross into the East Bank to be marketed here and in other Arab countries, provided that raw materials are supplied through the East Bank and the industries are licensed by the Jordanian authorities.

Mr. Dudin said that the agricultural sector in the occupied territories is being continually weakened by the Israeli measures. No Arah agricultural products are allowed into Israeli markets, insufficient water is pumped to farm land, and many of the productive lands are being confiscated by the Israeli authorities, the minister pointed out.

To thwart these measures Jordan has opened the door for the West Bank and the Gaza Strip farmers to market their products in the East Bank and the Arab Jordan River bridges, include various fruits and vegetables grown by Arab people on Arab-owned

Referring to the Arah terri-tory's trade sector, the minister said that the Israelis have been intent on dominating the Arab markets and depriving the Arabs of the right to market their own goods. Also, the absence of Arab banking facilities has damaged the Arab territories' trade sector. the minister added.

that the total number of Arab labourers in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip stood at 240,000 in 1985, mostly employed as construction workers inside Israel. The shrinking land-ownership of Arabs due to Israeli confiscation has created a greater pool of labourers who are unable to find

The minister said that workers are forced to work long hours for low wages of which 20 per cent is

of the Palestinian people.

from this assistance.

Masri reaffirms Jordan's rejection of separate talks

(Continued from page 1) Mr. Masri said the Kingdom had been very successful in Europe and the Soviet Union. He cited the European Community's (EC) endorsement of the conference idea in February this year and the Franco-Soviet call, made during a July 1986 visit to Moscow by French President Francois Mitterrand, on the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council to set up a preparatory committee to pave the way for convening of such a forum.

The main hurdles blocking the path towards the called-for conference, Mr. Masri said, were Israel's refusal to recognise the PLO as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people and "the absence of a clear American policy towards the Middle East.'

Mr. Masri also reviewed mter-Arab relations and the "painful truth" about the state of Arab solidarity. He outlined the various aspects and different factors involving inter-Arab differences which caused "this unhealthy

state of affairs." Leaving aside as "outside influences" the Iran-Iraq war and Israel's aggression on Arab territories. Mr. Masri reviewed the internal problems within and among various Arab states such as the 12-year-old Lebanese civil war, Iraqi-Syrian differences, the Libyan-Tunisian rift and the Moroccan-Polisario conflict over Western Sahara.

Internal economic problems, Mr. Masri said, are invisible source of destruction which are as

threatening as political and war. problems. Economic recession, accumulation of debts and a country's mability to deal with social problems are all different faces of a large economic problem which will cause the country in question to focus on immediately visible problems rather than concentrating on efforts to tackle the root cause or the con-

cept of the issue at stake, he said. Mr. Masri briefed the conference on Jordan's efforts to settle inter-Arab differences and called for an urgent Arab summit to confront common hardships and difficulties facing the Arab

Iraqi jets pound Iranian base

The terminal itself sustained unspecified damage in the attack, staged in an apparent attempt to heat up the Gulf tanker war ahead of the reflagging operation, said the executives.

The first of 11 reflagged Kuwaiti tankers is now expected to sail into northern Gulf under heavy American air and naval escort early next week.

The 401,382-tonne Al Rekkah. renamed Bridgeton, is standing just ontside the Strait of Hormuz and is expected to fly the U.S. flag from next Monday or Tuesday.

Guif salvage operators, who have witnessed Iran's tactics at against another major Iranian close quarters, believe Iraq will threat to shipping, Chinese-defind it almost impossible to halt signed "Silkworm" missiles (See

cited by Mr. Masri as one of the direct reasons of Iran's defiant attitude towards Iraq seeing it as a weak state without support, given the present state of Arab

Mr. Masri reaffirmed Jordan's support for Iraq in the almost seven-year-old Gulf war. The conflict "is an aggressive war launched by Iran aimed at expansion and securing control of the Arab Gulf and spreading its Islamic revolution," Mr. Masri said. He warned that an Iranian victory in the war 'will open the gates of the region and the Arab Middle East to Iran's greed."

(Continued from page 1) damage to huge tankers.

strikes by the highly manocuvre- page 2).

So far, Revolutionary Guard crews have attacked ships with machineguns and rocket-propelled grenades, sometimes sparking fires but rarely causing severe

Some salvage operators doubt whether even the most sophisticated U.S. military hardware could ward off a suicide attack by Iranian launches packed with high explosives.

As final preparations for the escort plan were made in Washington, Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger said Monday U.S. forces were ready to move

ment said that it has already The examinations were taken to sources at the Ministry of contacted parties involved in the by 64,500 students last month and Awoaf and Islamic Affairs. book printing and selling operaministry sources said that the Minister of Awqaf and Islamic tions to make the arrangements. preliminary results were good and above the average of last Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat, Previously, the ministry proalong with other government offiyear. The final results will be

banks of Jordan.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Students of charge and to all stages. According to the secondary stage at governing to the statement, the new

ing to the statement, the new

measure will be put into force as of the coming 1987-1988 scholas-

Meanwhile, the ministry's

director of examinations, Mr.

Ahmad Taqi, said that his depart-

ment is trying to speed up the process for obtaining results of

the tawjihi examinations for both

Scout panel ends with recommendations AMMAN (Petra) - The Second National Conference on Scout Movement and Girlguides ended in Amman Tuesday with participants issuing recommendations aimed at promoting their move-

A final statement issued at the closing session recommended that a permanent headquarters for the scont society be found and that regulations should be issued organising the training and the activities programmes of the scouts and girlguides.

Community development should be a priority for the movement, the statement said. Also, additional sources of finance should be actively sought.

The participants called for the inclusion of handicapped persons in scout activities and recommended that income-generating projects should be encouraged.

made known early next month. the pilgrims,

They said that a general conference for the scouts and girlguides should be held every two years. They also recommended that the scouts conduct tours of archaeological, historical and religious sites in the Kingdom.

The participants sent greetings to the scouts and girlguides movements in the occupied Arab territories and praised their steadfastness in the face of Israel's mea-

In the morning session, the conference reviewed a working

paper by the director of morale guidance in the Armed Forces about the Great Arah Revolt in which he discussed the general conditions in the Arab region on the eve of the Revolt which was led by Sharif Hussein Ibn Ali of Mecca and its objectives.

The conference which, was opened on Sunday under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, discussed several other papers dealing with the scout movement's activities. The three-day conference was attended by 215 members of scouts and girlguides and officials from the ministries of youth and of culture, tourism, and anti-

Hmoud urges farmers to repay loans

Agriculture Marwan Hmoud vest this year to pay back their loans to the Agricultural Credit Corporation (ACC) so that the money can be loaned to farmers who suffered a poor harvest.

The minister said that the ACC will be ready to look into requests by farmers whose lands did not yield good crops this year for rescheduling their loans or offering them new loans to tide them over until the next season.

At the end of 1985, the ACC rescheduled loans offered to farmers, so that they could pay back the loans over five years. According to the minister, this

good, especially the cereal, veget-Tuesday urged Jordanian farmers able and olive crops. Most farthe ACC, he noted. A special team conducting a

comprehensive review of loans given to farmers in Jordan will submit its report to the government by the middle of next month. The government will then decide on a policy with regard to granting loans for agricultural projects, the minister noted. He warned that legal action

will be taken against farmers who fail to pay back their loans. Referring to the work of the Agricultural Marketing and Pro-

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of year's harvest was generally (AMPCO) which handles and markets Jordan's products here and abroad, the minister said that who benefitted from a good harmers should be able to pay back the company bought from local
part of the loans given them by farmers more than 10,000 tonnes of potatoes, 35,000 tonnes of tomatoes, and exported more than 14,000 tonnes of various crops mostly produced in the Jordan Valley region.

At present, AMPCO is buying from farmers onions, wheat, barley, chick peas, maize and lentils at subsidised prices, the minister

He described the agricultural situation in the country as good and said that the Ministry of Agriculture and its affiliated departments and agencies continue cessing Company of Jordan to support the agricultural sector.

He also referred to Israel's These measures have dealt a seobjectives and current practices vere blow to the agricultural sec-

Mr. Dudin told the meeting

deducted for social security from which they never benefit. Mr. Dudin noted that the Arab inhabitants have over the past 20 years received help from the Jordanian government and ex-patriates living and working in different Arab countries. He said that a total of JD 470 million have

been pumped into the occupied territory from the expatriates during these years and another JD 137.5 million has been funnelled to the occupied territories from the Arab countries between 1979 and 1985. This is in addition to allocations made by Kuwait and other Arab countries, mostly In view of the situation, Mr. channelled through the Joint Dudin said the Jordanian govern- Jordanian-Palestinian Committee for supporting the steadfastness

> Since 1967, the minister notes Jordan has never stopped extending assistance to the Arah people of Palestine. Between 1967 and 1986, the Jordanian government has pumped JD 125 million into the West Bank in the form of salaries and pensions, and funds for development projects, the minister added.

> Mr. Dudin said that the Jordanian government will continue to extend help to the Arab populanon and it will strive to ensure that the largest possible section of the Arab population will benefit

NEWS IN BRIEF

Passports office to open in Madaba

MADABA (Petra) — Minister of Interior Rajai Dajani has decided to open an office here to issue passports for people in the Madaba district to lessen the pressure on the central Passports Department office in Amman and to save time and trouble for the Madaba district population. The office will open in the second half of this month.

Media head tours Gulf

AMMAN (Petra) - Mr. Jawad Maraqa, director general of the Jordan Radio and Television Corporation, has left on a tour of the Gulf region for talks on cooperation between Arab states and Jordan in the field of film production and distribution. The 10-day trip will take Mr. Maraga to Bahrain, Qatar, Kuwait, Abu Dhabi

Agricultural exports up from last year

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan exported 42,303 tonnes of agricultural crops in the past month against 33,674 tonnes in the same month of last year, according to Ministry of Agriculture statistical bulletin. It also said that the crops like potatoes, melons, peaches. cherries, bananas, lemon, almond and olives are being brought to Jordan from the occupied West Bank.

New police shooting range opens

AMMAN (Petra) — Director of Public Security Department (PSD) Lt.-Gen. Abdul Hadi Al Majali opened Tuesday new target shooting ranges for Jordanian police at Swaqa near Madaba. He heard a briefing on the new premises and the facilities they offer for training, and later watched a target shooting exercise with police officers using hand guns and rifles on mobile and stationary

Computer training course being held

AMMAN (J.T.) — A six-day training course on computer skills for managers is being held at the Jordan Institute of Management/ Industrial Development Bank.

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The big 5 and the Gulf

THERE is now a real possibility that a new resolution on ending the Gulf war will receive unanimous support from the Security Council within the coming days. It would call for an immediate ceasefire, a return to international borders and an exchange of prisoners. It would refer in general terms to the need for post-war reconstruction with international assistance and a key clause would ask the U.N. secretary-general to consult with Iraq and Iran on the appointment of a neutral body to investigate responsibility for the conflict and report to the Security Council. This resolution would not however provide for mandatory sanctions on the belligerent which failed to comply either in the form of a ban on oil sales or an arms embargo. There now seems little chance of such a resolution receiving the support of the

permanent members of the council.

A large majority of Arabs have always been convinced that the great powers, despite their ritual expressions of dismay at the borrors of war, are keeping it going both because they are happy to see Iran and Iraq exhausting each other and are profiting from the arms trade. The remark attributed to Henry Kissinger, that the ideal outcome of the war would be for both sides to lose, is still widely quoted. Such public cynicism is understandable in the light of Irangate and revelations such as that Iran's major arms procurement office in the West is in London and that France, Iraq's chief supplier of sophisticated weapons, has until its latest diplomatic row been making strenuous efforts to ingratiate itself with Iran, while China, the supposed friend of the Arabs, has been providing Iran, very probably in collaboration with Israel, with crucial weapons while attempting to pass the

responsibility to North Korea. However, this does not mean that there has not been a real shift in the powers' attitude to the war. They may still be content for their balance of payments to be improved by arms sales and certainly none wishes to see either Iraq or Iran dominate the region, but the risks of the war are now so great that even the most cold-hearted and calculating government would prefer it to end. The U.S. fears for the consequences to the Arab Gulf states while the Soviet Union is now seriously alarmed at the effect of a militant Iran on its own Muslim minorities. A new factor is that with the recent run down in world oil stocks any sudden cut in Gulf supplies could well cause a new oil crisis

In fact it is only Israel which has an overriding desire for the war to continue — partly because it can still profit from the arms trade but more because it continues to weaken a potentially formidable Arah adversary. Israel must therefore be concerned with the new stage the war has entered with the U.S. agreement to the reflagging of the 11 Knwaiti ships which was in itself a reaction to a similar Soviet action.

President Reagan's recent offer of an office hranch to President Assad has wider implications than an attempt to secure the release of bostages. Premature uptimism would be unwise, but there are several signs of a U.S. trend towards a more balanced Middle East policy which is at least partly a White House reaction against Israel's nefarious role in the Irangate affair. There are sound arguments against the reflagging of Kuwaiti ships, but it is noticeable that President Reagan's leading critics are also the most enthusiastic friends of Israel and that they are concentrating on accusing the emir of Knwait of having blackmailed the U.S. into supporting the Arab

side in the war.

If the U.S. shift is to make sense it must be coordinated with the USSR. Moscow seems equally aware of this and the superpowers are moving gingerly towards cooperation, while making ritual mutual accusations of malign interference. President Reagan tells Congress his aim is to keep out the Russians while they call for a peace conference in Moscow and the withdrawal of all foreign naval ships from the Gulf which they must know are impractical. More important, President Reagan has strong reasons for getting a Security Council resolution passed by the time the Kuwaiti tankers begin to sail with the U.S. flag. A Security Cnuncil resolution based on U.S.-Soviet cooperation will not end the war but is an essential sten towards it. Israel could still use its formidable influence in Washington to destroy it, as it destroyed the hopeful U.S.-Soviet agreement on Middle East peace in 1977. But that was before Irangate — Middle East International, London.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Prince addresses expatriates

PRINCE Hassan addressed the opening session of the Jordanian expatriates congress in Amman outlining the various missions undertaken by Jordan on the domestic and pan-Arab fronts. In his address, the Prince reviewed the country's economic and social conditions and pointed to the role which the expatriates can play in developing their home country. Prince Hassan underlined the importance of granting the expatriates the opportunity and the facilities for investing in the Kingdom. This can be done, the Prince said, through various ways and by orienting the expatriates' representatives on the factual economic situation in the country and its current national development plan; and Jordan's continued endeavours to support the steadfastness of the Arab inhabitants in the Israeli-occupied Arab lands. The expatriates have the right to know the circumstances through which this country is passing and its limited means and also its determination to confront challenges in economy, education and social development. Prince Hassan voiced the nation's feelings and views in directing praise to the Jordanian expatriates who he described as ambassadors who strengthen Jordan's ties with other nations; and who, through their investments here, display continued sense of belonging to their homeland. We sincerely hope that the third expatriates congress will yield fruitful results and help promote the development of our country.

Al Dustour: Prince reaffirms Jordan's commitments

PRINCE Hassan told the Third Jordanian expatriates congress on Monday that Jordan will remain faithful to its commitment in supporting the steadfastness of the Arab people under Israeli occupation despite the country's limited economic means. This national commitment reflects Jordan's firm policy and national stand initiated by King Hussein who on various occasions voiced Jordan's readiness to give all possible assistance to the Arah inhabitants of the occupied territories. As Prince Hassan pointed out Jordan has worked out a five year national development plan for the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip with the purpose of resisting Israel's expansionist designs and aims. This plan is intended to help lessen the hurdens of the Arab population and enable them to resist Israel's arbitrary actions. Jordan's efforts to carry out development plans in the East as well as the West Banks is part of this country's national endeavour on which the expatriates should be oriented. We warmly welcome the expatriates in their home country and hope that their deliberations about political, economic and social issues pertaining to both hanks of Jordan will be crowned with success and translated into

Lebanon adrift after Karami murder

By Hugh Pope

BEIRUT - Lebanon on July 12 commemorated the murder of Prime Minister Rashid Karami, his killers still at large and the country facing political deadlock and economic crisis.

Ironically, only the security, situation has shown signs of improvement since a bomh exploded aboard Karami's army

nelicopter on June 1. Karami, a Sunni Muslim and Syria's main ally in this country, was one of 60 people killed by political violence in Lebanon last month, the lowest toll since March 1983.

But Lebanoo's 12-year-old civil conflict remains unresolved, and few commentators agree on where their country is drifting to - a war-weary peace, say some, a oew explosion, according to

The 40th day memorial of Karami's death was commemorated in his northern home town of Tripoli, with key Muslim and Christian leaders still wide apart.

The Lebanese pound lost one third of its international value in the past six weeks, fuelling inflation and pushing more people below the poverty line, with dealers hlaming psychological fears rather than major economic or political factors.

"Ninety-nine per cent of the people have nothing to do with this political game," said Sayyeed Mohammed Hussein Fadialiah, spiritual mentor of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God). "Say what you like, the people want to eat.

Syria, the main powerbroker in Lebanoo where it has 25,000 troops, and its Lebanese allies stressed at the commemoration that there could be no political dialogue until Karami's murder-

ers had been uncovered. They have accused the Christian Lebanese Forces militia of killing Karami and Christian President Amin Gemayel of proc-rastination in punishing his assas-

Lehanese leaders including acting Prime Minister Selim Al Hoss, called to Damascus last Wednesday to see Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, came away saying he had stressed the hattle would be long, but political.

There is no Syrian decision to hring down Gemayel, no decision to go back to war, no decision by anyone to change the local map, the independent An Nahar newspaper said in an editorial.

A Syrian-hacked Moslim boycott of Gemayel has been in force since January last year, when he refused to endorse a

militia pact negotiated in Damas-cus that would have given Leba-

non's Muslims more power. Karami's mnrder prompted Syria to back initiatives for a new Muslim-Christian froot under the aegis of former President Suleiman Franjich and including other moderate Christian leaders.

But diplomats said Syria was slowing the pace of events for reasons of its own, and some political analysts believe the idea

"Syria has put Lebanon on hold," said a Western ambassador. He said Damascus, now mending fences with the United States, was busy with wider issues like the Iran-Iraq war and a proposed Middle East peace confer-

Syria has also had its hands full to keep up a four-month security drive in West Beirut, where some 7,000 Syrian troops deployed last

The Syrians have succeeded in

their major stated objective - to stop clashes hetween their Lebanese allies — but still face opposition, as shown by three car bombs attacks, the latest near a Syrian military huilding, and more than 145 dynamite hlasts in

ruhbish heaps. Kidnappers, helieved to he pro-Iraman militants, also undermined Syrian pledges to make west Beirut safe for foreigners with the seizure of U.S. news-ica is the man Charles Glass on June 17. world."

Intense Syrian pressure, including measures restricting the movements of hundreds of Iranian revolutionary guards based in Lehanon, failed to secure

Glass's release. In a clear gesture of defiance of Syria, host to U.S. envoy Vermon Walters only a few days ago. a senior Hizbollah official said oo July 12 Glass's kidnapping was "a small matter" and added "America is the source of all evil in the

may take mooths to mature. Soviet anti-corruption campaign reaches into high places

For the first time, systematic bribery of Soviet officials by foreign businessmen has been widely publicised in the country's newspapers. Patric Cockburn assesses the significance of the jailing of a senior Kremlin official.

MOSCOW — The jailing for 13 meet him at Moscow's Shere-years of Mr. Vladimir Sushkov, metevo airport because his offithe former Soviet deputy foreign trade minister, and his wife Balentina for 11 years marks an escalation of the Kremlin's campaign against corruption which is starting to affect senior officials.

The month-long trial of Mr. Sushkov for corruption by the Supreme Court of the Soviet Union, details of which were recently published by the trade union daily Trud, is significant because it is clearly intended as a warning to all Soviet officials who have commercial dealings with fore-

The revelations about the exteot of Mr. Sushkov's corruption - on his return from husiness trips aboard a mini-bus used to

cial car was too small to carry all his purchases — is proving ex-tremely damaging to the foreign trade ministry at a time whee it is fighting to retain control of Soviet imports and exports.

This monopoly was formally ended at the beginning of this year when 21 ministries and 75 enterprises were given the right to trade abroad. But in the years between 1974 and 1985, when Mr. Sushkov was deputy minister, the ministry had total control of all Soviet commerce with other

The case started at the end of 1985 when customs at Sheremetevo airport found jewellery and had oever bothered to look at lay video equipment in the luggage of unopened. Trud says these goods

Mr. Yevgeny Kuzminykh as he had been accumulated over the returned with Mr. Sushkov from years in the form of hribes from a short husiness trip abroad.

Mr. Sushkov is said to have whispered to him: "Don't give away too much to the investigator, don't name a single person or a single episode." The deputy trade minister then rushed to his dacha in Barvikha, a prestigious area on the western fringes of Moscow where many senior officials have villas, where he began to bury in the garden coffee jars filled with jewellery and foreign

There was a lot to hide. When Mr. Sushkov's town house was eventually searched, police found 1,565 gold brooches, diamond pendants and rings worth more than \$1.16 million, as well as other property worth \$500,000. Other goods which the couple

years in the form of hribes from foreign businessmen looking for contracts in the Soviet Union as well as systematic fiddling of expenses during the 120 trips Mr. Sushkov had taken abroad.

The revelations about corruption in foreign trade dealings are important because they are the first time that systematic bribery of Soviet officials by foreign businessmen has been widely publicised in the Soviet media. Trud said there are officials who "selflessly fight for every kopeck of the people's money" in contract negotiations but added that Mr. Sushkov was not among

The court heard details of how an Italian company supplying specialised chemical products had first made contact with Mrs. Sushkov, a senior official of the State Committee for Science and

Technology, who arranged meet-ings for the head of the firm with the ministries handling chemicals and petrochemicals. The Italian hnsinessman nicknamed Mrs. Sushkov "the golden senora" for her expensive tastes.

Altogether, Mr. and Mrs. Sushkov received \$200,000 from this company whose head was quoted as testifying at their trial that "the activity of my firm in the Soviet market depended on them. The goods and jewellery they received were not paid for out of my accoost hut were bought with the firm's money."

Sketching in Mr. Sushkov's background, Trud says he came from an ordinary family. At the start of the last war, although aiready aged 21, he was fortunate to be sent for further education as an engineer rather than going into the armed forces. In the 1950s, he headed the Soviet trade

mission in Italy and then for 10 years up to 1974 he was in charge of the foreign trade organisation responsible for importing machinery and equipment from the West, How did be get away with it for so iong? Trud says that the real reason was that the foreign trade ministry was one of those organisations which occupied a zone in which criticism was forbidden. "Glasnost (openness) could not peoetrate to their offices where the curtains of their windows were always drawn," the

Despite efforts to extend the right to trade abroad to other Soviet organisations, the foreign trade ministry still retains an effetive monopoly over Soviet exports and imports. Nevertheless, the Sushkov case had hadly dented the credibility of its claims to special expertise in foreign commerce - Financial Times fea-

Life in the IRA — no money, no Stingers send Afghan guerrilla medals, then cell or cemetery war into new phase

By Paul Majendie

BELFAST — The IRA have just 250 frootline guerrillas in Northern Ireland who carn a pittance, get no medals and are warned on joining that they are most likely to end up in a cell or a cemetery.

For 300 members of the Irish Republican Army (IRA) have been killed since 1969 in the hattle to oust Britain from the province, and the guerrilla group says up to 10,000 members have been through Northern Ireland

But still they come, volunteers for a cause that offers them a weekly salary of just £20 (\$32) if they are unemployed and little kudos in the Catholic community where they are tolerated rather than admired.

That at least is the pen portrait of the IRA and its gunmen that emerges from journalists Patrick Bishop and Eamonn Mallie in their hook "The Provisional IRA", a profile of the guerrilla

Highlighting the traits of to-day's typical activist, they say the cult of personality has never caught on in the IRA where "it is necessary to die before you can become a hero."

current membership have fathers, uncles or brothers in the movement whose instruction manual "The Green Book" preaches the merits of modesty, abstemiousness and discretion.

The authors, tracing the IRA's history since Britain partitioned the island in 1921, stress what a tragedy in endless acts Northern Ireland is, writing "as long as Ireland is divided, violent Republicanism will be an ineradicable tradition." About 2,500 people have died in the north in the last 20 years.

The book, hased on a string of interviews within the Republican movement, probes the finances of the IRA which has won worldwide notoriety with such spectacular attacks as the murder of Britain's Earl Mountbatten and the Brighton bomh hlast targetted at British leader Margaret Thatcher.

The authors calculate it costs about £2,500 (\$4,000) a week to run the IRA's Belfast brigade with most of the money coming from sophisticated tax frauds. several mini-cah taxi firms and a string of social clubs across the Catholic ghettoes of the city.

The clubs are scrupulously well run with proper stewards, solici-

About 80 per ceot of the IRA's tors and accountants. "When the police wish to check the books, they are courteously received and offered a drink," the authors

> "Another major source of money was fraud involving tax exemption certificates in the huilding trade which boomed in the 1980s as the old terraces of Belfast were knocked down and rebuilt," they added.

The organisation views the United States primarily as a source of guns. One stocky Corsican there, when asked where the arms were heading, told the court which sentenced him to five years jail: "somewhere cool and greeo."

The authors said that arms and money flowed for several years from Lihya's leader Muammar Qadhafi because: "The country's appareotly houndless oil revenues and the impulsive nature of its leader had given it a reputation as a soft touch among revolutionary freeloaders the world

Their weapons vary in sophis-tication from deadly effective car bombs and model aircraft remote cootrol radio devices to the socalled "durex bomh," sulphuric acid wrapped in candlewax and then eocased in a coodom.

By Oliver Wates Reuter

ISLAMABAD — The arrival of sophisticated Western missile has moved the nine-year-old Afghan guerrilla war into a new phase, according to rebel and Western analysts.

The shooting down of scores of helicopters and planes by U.S. Stinger missiles in recent months has lifted guerrilla morale and forced Soviet and Kabul government commanders to change tac-

Increased bomhardment hy artillery and heavy ground-toground rockets are replacing air bombing, strafing by helicopter gunships, and helicopter-borne assault, they say.

Bombing raids are now made from greater heights or at low level. "Because of the Stingers they are either flying too high, so most of the bombs miss, or too low, where they are easier to hit with our machine guns," an Afghan analyst said.

Reports are also reaching Isla-mabad, in neighbouring Pakistan, that the Communist-led forces are beginning to use helicopters for bombing raids at night, he

The three-week battle in May

and June for a valley near Jaji, in the eastern province of Paktia. illustrates the change in the nature of the war.

The area straddles important sopply lines and infiltration routes for guerrillas operating in many parts of eastern and central Afghanistan and Kabul has often sought to cut them.

In May an armoured column with several thousand troops, including elite Soviet forces, advanced eastwards into the valley. Initially the rebel posts around the valley were subjected to air attacks, according to guerrilla re-

But after several aircraft were shot down, the attackers had to rely more on their ground forces. They were eventually forced to withdraw after some of the most intensive fighting of the war, with hundreds of casualties on both sides.

A senior U.S. official has portrayed the engagement as a demonstration that the guerrillas can take on Soviet troops in a lengthy pitched hattle and fight them to a standstill.

But Western diplomatic analysts in Pakistan said the Jaji situation was unique and

The guerrillas were backed up against the Pakistani border, oo more than a few kilometres from major supply depots in Pakistan's Kurram salieot, and were able to use unprecedented supplies of arms, they said.

One group fired up to 1,000 rockets a day at the height of the engagement, a quantity impossihle to transport 10 most conflict

Control of the area was also very important for the prestige of the main rebel political commanders, apart from its value as a transit route.

"These things don't apply anywhere else in Afghanistan, it's only in Jaji," one analyst commeoted.

Three of the seven Pakistanbased Mujahideen organisations took part in the hattle and cooperation among the often quarrelsome groups was undoubtedly a factor in the success.

But Mujahideen spokesmen

say rival factions have worked well together in many battles in different parts of the country before and Jaji was not unique. The effect of the Stingers -

and of British Blowpipe missiles which Moscow says have been cautioned against assuming the used against aircraft in Afghanisrebels were strong enough to tan - has also been evident in repeat their "victory" elsewhere. other recent fighting.

Greece could become nation of waiters, Communist chief says Now he is becoming increasing-ly critical of Prime Minister

By Granville Watts

ATHENS — Greek Communist Party chief Harilaos Florakis waved his pipe and declared: "If measures are not taken we will

become a nation of waiters." Florakis said the sagging Greek economy was getting worse and Greek industry was being crushed by what he called the "super industrial powers of Europe. "There is a problem of national

sovereignty. We could end up serving the Germans, the French. the British and the rest," he told Reuters in a rare interview. Florakis, 73-year-old secretary general of the Greek Communist

Party (KKE), led Communist guerrilla forces in the mountains of northern Greece during a fouryear bloody civil war from 1945 in which royalist forces aided by Britain crushed the Communists. He had also led partisans against the German occupying forces earher in World War II.

In those days he often hid in

caves. Now be has a luxurious office at party headquarters cal-led the House of the people on the outskirts of Athens.

It is a large I1-floor building of glittering glass and concrete with a huge hust of Lenin in the forecourt, and reflects the important role the party plays in the Greek scene.

Looking across at Parnitha mountain from his office Florakis mused: "I used to hide on that mountain.

He reflected on the 18 years he had spent in Greek jails until his party was finally legalised after the military junta was ousted in 1974

"I was in the interior of the interior," he quipped — an allu-sion to the fact that his party is sometimes called party of the interior, to differentiate it from a party of Euro-Communists. It seems Florakis was always fighting governments. "I was

jailed by all of them before

1974," he said.

would not be achieved. "In July it already stands at more than \$1.3 billion," Florakis

government.

"There is a great mass of people which wants social change, changes that will bring the country towards real Socialism," he

Florakis said that a two-year austerity programme introduced by Papandreon in October 1985 to stabilise the economy had failed.

wages freeze which led to a spate of strikes and was strongly conde-mned as unfair by the Commun-Florakis pointed out that gov-

ernment figures showed the government target of reducing the current account deficit to \$1.2 billion by the end of the year

He said a government effort to

16.9 per cent by the end of 1987 was also stumbling and was likely to be more like 15 per cent at Andreas Papandreou's Socialist year's end.

Economy Minister Costas Simitis has admitted to reporters that there were shortfalls in the government's stabilisation efforts so far this year.

Florakis had earlier angrily rejected criticism by Papandreou who told parliament in Athens that the spirit of recent glasnost (openness) changes in Moscow had not yet reached the Greek Communist Party. The programme included a

Florakis spoke about a surprisingly long meeting lasting two hours 45 minutes which he had with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev last year. He meetioned what he called

Gorbachev's ability to create an "atmosphere of cordiality and intimacy. There were moments when I felt I was talking with a known and long-time comrade," he said.

"It is impressive, the new mod-

the control of the control of the control of

Gorbachev hrings to the develop-ments in the international general elections. scene..." he said.

On the home front, Florakis said he was no prophet but that logic led him to believe that Papandreou, who is not due to hold general elections until the summer of 1989, would probably hold early elections next year.

He said one factor was that the economy was not likely to improve next year and Papandreou faced the tricky question of whether American military bases

in Greece should stay or go.
Florakis said he believed the majority of Greek people wanted the bases to be closed after the current agreement expires at the end of this year. But he said the fact that Papan-

dreou had sought negotiations with the Americans for a new agreement showed he wanted the bases to stay, although this policy could cost his ruling Pasok Party

Florakis was firm that there cut inflation to 10 per ceot from ern way of thinking that comrade would be no Communist Party he said.

Communists in municipal elections last October caused Pasok to lose Greece's three main cities. There cannot be any discussion nor should anyone have any suspicion of any kind of electoral support to Pasok in a government

Withdrawal of support by the

which increasingly heads in a conservative direction," he said. "Pasok not only lost three major cities in the municipal elections, but its losses were generally heavy. The time has gone when parties like Pasok in the name of anti-conservative unity consi-

dered the addition of leftist "votes as given." Florakis denounced the present electoral law as unfair and repeated his call for a simple prop-

ortional representation system. For example, according to the electoral percentage of voters our party should have about 30 seats in parliament and it has only 10,"

Zimbabwean village blooms under Anna's care

Sally Mugabe, wife of the Zimbabwe Prime Minister, is helping to fead the struggle for women's development in that country. Both she and her twin sister, Esther Boohene, who is head of the National Family Planning Council, have given support to a movement which links improvements in women's incomes with literacy and birth planning. Here Cella Curtis reports on a new film about the programme.

Mgwerume was providing for 15 children and supplying food, money and shelter to freedom fighters when they came to her village on the high plateau north of Harare. Today, with her husband, Martin, she has difficulty growing enough food for the daily needs of her family of seven children, even though they helped to organise a local coderative gardening group, named Kutambura (Struggling

People).

There are few trees and we mile into the hills for firewood. If the land had been this bad when I was a young woman, I would not have had nearly as many children," she

Anna was elected by the women of her village to go for training as a community-based teacher of family planning, literacy and income-generating skills.

The experiences of Anna and her friends in Domboshawa will soon be seen around the world in a film for the Only One Earth series made for BBC Television. Co-sponsored by the International Planned Parenthood Federation (IPPF), it will also be shown throughout English-speaking Africa by Family Planning Asso-

AT the height of Zimbabwe's . The film deals with many of the Heration war in the 1970s, Anna issues which confront African men and women today - such as the traditional pressures to give birth to large numbers of children and the scarce resources existing for the support of those children.

Anna tells how her husband

went off to work in Harare for 16 years while his family was grow-ing and the guerrilla war was raging in the countryside.
"I had no help with money and

whenever he returned home he would give me a baby and then leave. My mother-in-law often said, "If you get this child off the breast, then I can take care of it and the other little ones while you have more." But then she died. and instead of her taking care of my children, I had to take care of all Martiu's eight younger brothers and sisters as well as my own children," she said.

When Anna was chosen by her neighbours for training as a teacher, she asked her husband's permission and then had to face the problem of how her children would be cared for while she was away, as her husband continued to work in the city. On her return to the village, she found her crops dying for lack of water. But with her training behind her, she was proud to be able to pay for her children to be educated and anxious to help other women to

look beyond child-bearing as the only way open to them of taking pride in themselves.

Anna spent two weeks learning how to teach basic literacy, mathematics and book-keeping to others. She returned home for a few weeks to survey the needs of her own community and then spent another fortnight at the training centre for Community Based Teachers (CBTs), 40 miles east of Harare, learning to teach family planning. Another visit home was followed by a final period at the centre to learn income-generating techniques": Development jargon for learning how to manage money.

When Anna and her fellow students graduated. Sally Mngabe, the wife of Robert Mngabe, Zimhabwe's prime minister, came to dance with them in celebration. She urged them to share their new knowledge unselfishly, as their teachers had done.

When Anna returned to her "Struggling People" gardening group she found it at a particularly low ebb. It had never done well as the group lacked the skills to organise effectively and to obtain sufficient loans. Even though they had bought a small diesel pump, some pipes and wire to fence the garden to keep out livestock, they had planned poorly. Their cabbage, carrots, tomatoes, onions, cauliflowers, broccoli, okra and peppers were

Anna and the group promptly drew up a budget of \$1,300 for cement and other equipment to enlarge their dam to save the



Anna teaches women in a village literacy class (Photo by Barbara Pyle)

garden. The change in Anna after her courses was much more immediate and obvious than any change in the garden. She had always been a strong and silent leader. Now she was an articulate, talkative leader with a pur-"I am anxious to set a good

example by working hard so that the women can do the same and earn a good salary and be able to support themselves," she said. Where African women are usually painfully shy in discussing the intimate details of sex and family planning, Anna was sud-denly frank and forthright. She

said that now she and her hus-

band were much closer. They sat

and talked things over and made plans for the family. "He even boasts about me with relatives and friends, even in the bars." Changes in attitude do seem to

be occurring, as women move from wanting only to space their children to wanting fewer babies. Anna was one of nine children, and her friends in the gardening group come from families of nine, 10 and more. Most of Anna's generation have five to seven children. A recent national survey of girls aged between 15 and 19 found that they wanted an average 4.6 children. Anna's daughter, Olivia, said she wanted only four children. Her sister, Veima, aged 14, wanted only

Such changes can have startling results in a few generations. If a woman has 10 children, and if succeeding generations follow suit, she will have 1,000 greatgrandchildren. If she has four, she will have 64 great-grandchil-

The fortunes of the Struggling People's garden remained precarious as the group continued to seek a favourable loan to enlarge the dam. Anna was not sure she could do this in time to save the harvest. But she was sure that she and her friends would make the right choices eventually - People

Papers show other personal sides of Einstein

By Allyn Fisher The Associated Press

JERUSALEM - Stacks of letters and notebooks left hy Albert Einstein offer a rare glimpse of the scientific genius' personality, his often-troubled personal life and behind-the-scenes involvement in world politics.
The 43,000 documents, stored

in a basement library after his death in 1955, depict a sensitive man who was beset by divisive family problems and was sometimes a victim of anti-semitism.

Unpublished letters that Einstein exchanged with Israel's first president Chaim Weizmann. show Einstein was a committed Zionist although he often displayed an ambivalence toward

He repudiated the religion at a young age and frequently criti-cised Weizmann for the way Jew-ish settlers treats Arabs in Pales-tine before formation of the Jewish state.

Einstein introduced President Franklin D. Roosevelt to the wonders of the atomic bomh in 1939, but said the bomh might be "too heavy for transportation by

Other letters reveal details about Einstein's family problems that plauged him as a young man, although they rarely appear to have distracted him from his work in physics.

Because of emotional ties to the Jewish state, Einstein bequeathed his personal papers to Hebrew University in Jerusalem. The documents, written in German, were made available to the Associated Press by the University's archives.

Most of the papers, held together with plastic paper clips to avoid damage, are travel logs and letters written to people ranging from Roosevelt to Ein-stein's first wife, Mileva Marie. Einstein had an illegitimate

daughter, Lieserl, and a son who was mentally ill, according to the letters. Both children are rarely mentioned by him later in life. Dozens of letters between Ein-

stein and his first wife portray a stormy relationship, with fre-quent separations and eventual divorce in 1919, largely a result of his mother's meddling in their Because of his mother's objec-

tions, Einstein delayed the wedding for years, until after Lieserl "She cried like a child," Ein-

stein wrote about his mother's reactions to the marriage in 1900. He said his mother objected because his wife was an intellectual four years older, 25 to his 21. Einstein's first wife, who was in

his college physics class in Zurich, was also an important sounding board for the young scientist's

He once wrote her about nearly dropping his theory of relativity because of a simple mathematical error.

"I wrote to you that I doubt my ideas about relativity. But my concerns were based on a computing error. Now I believe it more than ever," Einstein wrote in 1901, 21 years before winning a Nobel Prize in physics for the research.

The letters include frequent complaints by Einstein of being upahle to find work.

The German-born Einstein never mastered English and had Nove. 3, 1983.

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most of his letters to Roosevelt translated. On the backs of his drafts, he often doodled physics

"I'm studying English, but it won't stick in my old brain. Einstein once wrote in his diary. Even in German, he frequently

made spelling mistakes.

Many of Einstein's personal letters could not be read because his daughter from his second mar-riage, the late Margot Einstein, had requested they be kept see-ret, librarians said.

But thousands of documents are to be published over the next few years. About 150 documents were included in a volume published this spring hy Princeton University in New Jersey, where Einstein once taught.

Among other papers in the Einstein collection are packets of notebooks and travel diaries. In his logs from one trans-Atlantic voyage in 1931, Einstein commented on everything from pas-sengers habits to the shapes of fish in the sea.

Once he apparently got sea-sick. In the same semence he wrote about his study of mecha-nies, Einstein hroke off and added, "The ship is creaking ... The doctor says older people often get sea sick. It seems to be

In another passage, he wrote: "Yesterday, I took a look at the ship's engine, the diesel motor. The engineer is very intelligent. The people on this ship are especially vulgar."

In one log of a trip to New York City in 1931, he complained at length about being badgered by reporters and Jewish fun-

As a victim of Nazi persecutions, he was drawn to the Zionist movement which founded Israel but was critical of Jewish militancy toward Arabs in the 1920s.

"If we don't find a way of bonest cooperation and honest dealing with the Arabs, we have not learned anything during our 2,000 years of suffering and deserve any fate that will hit us," Einstein wrote.

Anti-Semitism apparently dogged Einstein even after he found refuge in the United States.

His employer at Princeton. Ahraham Flexner, director of the institute for advanced study, once cancelled Einstein's plans to spend a weekend at the White House, saying he feared publicity about Einstein's presence would put anti-Semites on his trail.

"There exists in New York an irresponsible group of Nazis ... If the newspapers had access to him ... it would practically be impossihle for him (Einstein) to remain in his post ... Flexner wrote on

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GREEK TAYERNA

The First and Only Greek

'Firefleas' woo minuscule mates with irresistible incandescence

By Mercer Cross National Geographic

WASHINGTON - Every evening in the shallow waters over Caribbean island reefs, tiny animals the size of sesame seeds stage a spectacular ballet of luminescent hlue dots, glowing strings of

punctuation marks squirted into depths from above the surface, the water by male marine "free. leas" — ostracods of the genus Vargula, constaceans distantly related to shrimps and crabs.

As the minuscule Don Juans bob up and down, they flash their incandescent signals to bottomdwelling females, which they hope to arouse and bring swimming to the source of the light.

Swim ...zoom!

Using their antennae as oars, they can swim remarkably fast -60 body lengths a second. A 6-foot human swimming that fast would cover 360 feet in a second. Unlike many other marine mimals, which simply spew eggs

and sperm into the water, the firefleas breed by copulation. But many of the outnumbered males are doomed to lives of celibacy. There are at least 100 males for every available female. To make matters even worse, the waters are full of non-luminescing males that are more than willing to sneakily steal the joys of mating from their harder-working

The nightly show begins about an hour after sunset and lasts about an hour. Few humans are even aware of it, and fewer still have seen it.

For one thing, it occurs during the cocktail and dinner hour, when most people aren't diving. Those who do usually use bright lights, which make the firefleas dive back to the reef. For the underwater pearls.

The diplay has one purpose: dive back to the reef. For the sex. The dots are biochemical Thuman voyeur peering into the there's not much to see. - -

The only way to really find out what's going on is to don a wet suit and get right into the black water with the firefleas. That's what James G. Morin, a

biology professor at the University of California at Los Angeles, has been doing for the past seven years. His research has been supported partly by the National

Geographic Society. "It's very much like looking down on a suburb or a rural town from an airplane at night," he says in describing the fireflea display, "except that the lights go on and off on a regular basis."

In all world's occans

The genus Vargula exists in all the world's oceans. Only in the Caribbean, however, are there known species that luminesce. When Morin began his research in 1980, there were four such species. He has added 35 to that number and expects to find more. They differ from island to island.

Males of the most common type swim upward or downward,

Microscopic view of a male "fireflea" shows the antennae (at far right and trailing along lower right side of its body) that propel it through Caribbean waters at remarkable speeds. Secretions from its upper lip glands create phosphorescent blue dots in nighttime mating displays.

first fireflea has started the sequence, 30 or 40 other males on the reef follow suit, creating a brilliant exhibition visible through 30

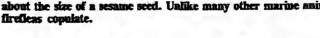
Each species has its own distinctive dot pattern. Some are vertical to the surface; some, oblique or horizontal. Some patterns are simple; others are com-plex, such as the one that Morin describes as looking "just like a bunch of jets flying in forma-

or more feet of clear water.

producing 20 or 30 intermittent spots of light, each spot glowing for 10 or 15 seconds. Once the bliefly all at once, for only a quarter-second at most.

Vargula of both sexes light up frantically and vividly when attacked by predators, creating a hlue glow the size of a grapefruit. This has what Morin describes as the "burglar-alarm" effect: The dazzling light attracts a bigger fish to take away the original pre-

As a result, other creatures about the size of the firefleas gain some protection, Morin says, because the fish are going to be Then there are the less com-, wary of picking on anything that



These minute crustaceaes, distant relatives of crabs and shrimps, are

looks at all like an ostracod."

Plenty of research remains to be done on the mysterious crustacean, he says. He wants to learn more about the evolution of its communications system, and about the relationship of such systems to those of other animals. He'll study the mechanics of how the huminescent signals are produced. From all this he hopes to learn more about the natural history of the Caribbean.

It's no coincidence that firefleas and fireflies have similar names. The most obvious parallel is that "they both use light to get

the sexes together," Morin says, although light production and mating techniques differ greatly.

Both creatures operate only in darkness. Firefleas prefer living in dark water just above reefs, usually 15 to 30 feet below the surface. They tend to stay in one specific area, and they don't in-terbreed with other species.

And they have their own kind of modesty. Morin has been unsuccessful so far in getting firef-leas to bread in a laboratory. "We think it's like trying to get humans to copulate in a restaurant," he says.

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AMMAN JORDAN

Schak receives papal medal for charity work

AMMAN (J.T.) — Miss Debora Schak, associate director of the Pontifical Mission for Palestine in Amman, is being honoured today at a reception hosted by Rev. Joseph L. Ryan, S.J., director, in the gardens of the Pontifical Mission office in Jabal Luweibdeh on the occasion of her heing awarded the papal medal "Pro Ecclesia et Pontifice" (For the Church and the Pontiff), according to a Pontifical Mission press

This medal is given by the Pope to persons who have given extraordinary service in the work of the Catholic Church. It was presented to Miss Schak in Rome on June 24 by Simon Cardinal Lourdusamy, prefect of the Congregation of Oriental Churches.

Attending the ceremony of presentation were Msgr. John G. Nolan, president of the Pontifical Mission for Palestine, and the group of representatives of agencies which assist the Catholic Church in the Middle East and in other areas under the jurisdiction

of the Oriental Congregation. The following day, Pope John Paul II received this group, inchiding Miss Schak, at a special audience in the Commentine Hall in the Vatican.

Miss Schak came to Amman in 1971, opened the first Pontifical Mission office on Jabal Luweibdeh, and became its administrator. Up till that time the activities



being awarded a papal medal for extraordinary service to the Catholic Church. Pope John Paul II receives Miss Debora Schak, associate director of the Pontifical Mission for Palestine in Amman, at the Vatican following her

of the Pontifical Mission in Jordan had been carried ont by representatives from Jerusalem and Beirut or by Franciscan Fathers working out of Terra Santa College. Miss Schak, a native of St.

Paul, Minnesota in the U.S., after attending the College of St. Catherine in that city, obtained her B.S. degree in agriculture from Ohio State University in 1965. She became a member of The Grail, an international association of dedicated women whose headquarters are in Love-

land, Ohio. As a member of The Grail, Miss Schak worked in several international enterprises, first in hostel for young refugee women, and later from 1967-68 in Goa, training women in techniques of improving village and cottage animal and plant production. Immediately before coming to Amman, Miss Schak served from 1968-71 as an agricultural expert in New Delhi, India, in activities which brought her to many parts

of India. In her years with the Pontifical Mission for Palestine in Amman, Miss Schak has become known to many Jordanians for her selfless dedication and warm compas-

The Pontifical Mission for Hong Kong from 1954-60 in a Palestine is an agency of the Holy See, established by Pope Pius XII in 1949 out of his deep concern for Palestine and for all those affected by the war there. Its purpose is to assist, without distinction of nationality or religion, all those who suffer because of the repeated conflicts which have devastated Palestine and the neighbouring regions of the Middle East since 1948. Today the Pontifical Mission, in its field offices in Jerusalem, Beirut and Amman, encourages and supports projects and programmes of relief, rehabilitation and develop-

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N. Korea adamant in seeking full 1/3 of Olympics, raises communist boycott

S. Korean delegation says Seoul in no mood for further concessions

LAUSANNE, Switzerland (Agencies) — North Korea on Tuesday repeated a demand for a full third of the 1988 Seoul Summer Olympics and again raised the spectre of a Communist Bloc boycott.

"We must have eight full The IOC awarded the games to sports," Chung Guk Chin, the South Korea in 1981, after Seoul vice-president of the North Ko-spent billions of dollars on what rean Olympic Committee many sport commentators consid-(NKOC), told Reuters before er the finest Olympic facilities in starting two days of talks aimed at resolving the crisis.

history. North Korea demanded in 1985 the right to share the resolving the crisis.

"We must have all the football competition, as well as wrestling, gymnastics, judo, table tennis and archery," he said in his hotel

"All socialist countries have publicly backed our demand to share the games. None has said it will go to the games anyway if our demands are not met," he added.

To head off the crisis, the Lausanne-hased International Olympic Committee (10C) offered last year to give Pyongyang all eight events in the table tennis and archery competitions and part of the cycling and foot-

This was a fraction of the 23 full sports, including 237 individual events, but it would be the first division of the Olympics because of a political dispute since the modern games began in Athens in 1896.

North Korea rejected the IOC compromise as too little and pressed on with its demands and boycott threats.

JAKARTA (R) — Indonesian

President Subarto Tuesday

ordered a review of a popular

national football lottery which

has been criticised by Muslim

Social Affairs Minister Nani

scholars as a form of gamhling.

Sudarsono told reporters a com-

mittee would probe the social

impact of the tote, which critics

say has turned adults and even

RIO DE JANEIRO(R) - Bra-

zil, which in the past has won the

hearts of millions of soccer fans

around the world, could for the

first time fail to qualify for the finals of the 1990 World Cup,

The picture is very grey. If.

unlike other times, we have to play our key World Cup qual-

ifying second leg matches away.

some local observers fear.

children into gambling addicts.

North and South Korea have been bitter rivals since the Second World War and fought a war between 1950 and 1953. Pyongyang said the games should serve as a symbol of the future reunification

of the Korean people.

IOC President Juan Antonio Samaranch opened a fourth round of talks between the North and South at 10C headquarters Tuesday, saying he was optimistic a solution could be found.

But Samaranch insisted that no significant changes in the IOC compromise would be made, and no star attractions would be transferred to North Korea. "We might have little changes, an event here or there, but absolutely nothing substantial. Our offer has been made," he told Reuters. Samaranch and the 11-member IOC executive board started

separate talks with the delegations from North and South Korea earlier in the day, and will

Samaranch says no more sports
bold a joint session on will be offered, although some

"The government does not

want to see people get in trouble

because of the porkas (lottery),"

Sudarsono said after a meeting

Porkas sheets, sold by street

vendors in much of overwhel-

mingly Muslim Indonesia, offer

the chance to bet on results of

football matches around the

world. Winnings can be hand-

former star midfielder Gerson Nunes, a member of Brazil's 1970

World Cup winning side, has

Brazil is the only country to appear in all World Cup finals

since the competition started in

1930 and has won it three times.

Chile in the South American Cup

liating defeat suffered by Brazil

The shock 4-0 trouncing by

with Suharto.

Indonesia to study introducing football lottery

unspecified "minor concessions" could be made to the four-sport The vice-president of the South Korean delegation, Man-Lip plan on the table since the last Choy, said his delegation was in joint meetings.

focus on practical matters in-

volved in transferring those

events conceded to the North and

would not discuss significant

Another member of the North

Korean delegatioo, Chun Il Pak,

told Reuters Pyongyang's sbop-ping list also included demands

for men's basketball, women's

volleyball and women's handball.

Korea wanted the entire foothall

competition, not just the single preliminary round conceded by the IOC last year.

The talks were the first since

June 1986 and the fourth since

North Korea issued its co-host

demand in late 1985, four years

after the games were awarded to

Although Samarancb indicated

Tuesday that a third day of talks

could be added, Michele Verdier,

the 1OC spokeswoman, said

Tuesday that no additional days

had been added yet to the calen-

The Muslim-based opposition

United Development Party made

porkas a big issue in general elections in April.

Provincial officials bave com-

Income from the state-run lot-

plained that tote sheets are sold

tery contributes about \$7.5 mil-

lion a year to national sports

programmes, Sudarsono said.

since they were beaten 5-1 by Belgium, in a friendly match in

Unfortunately our current crop

of players and officials cannot

match their illustrious predeces-

sors. Besides, we are creating too

many fake idols," said Affonso

Soares, a commentator for the

prestigious Globo Radio Net-

Where we bad Pele we now

have Edu Marangon where we

bad Joao Havelange (president of

FIFA, the world's governing soc-

cer body) we now bave Octavio Pinto Guimaraes and Nabi Abi

Make friends with

OLD PARR

Best De Luxe

Scotch Whisky

Parr

P O

Chedid," be added.

1963, in Brussels.

near mosques and schools.

dar of the meeting.

Seoul.

Both Pak and Chin said North

no mood for further concessions. Samaranch, a former Spanish ambassador to Moscow, has been 'These are our games, not their's We've probably given away too much already in the hit hard by the North's refusal to allow an IOC delegation to cross name of the Olympic spirit." Choy said his delegation would the border into South Korea at Panmunjom on the Demarcation

agreement."

The IOC president, usually upbeat especially where the Olympics are concerned, said allowing the crossing would have been a good-will gesture by the North, and that he was "extermely disappointed" when it was rejected. Now, Samaranch appears ready to conduct talks aimed at

the conclusion of a definite

The joint session was sche-duled for all day Tuesday and Wednesday morning. But a news conference set for midday Wednesday was pushed back, to allow for more talks if needed, and during a procedural session Tuesday Samaranch told NKOC Vice President Chin Chung Guk that he was prepared to stretch the talks into Thursday if prog-

The Seoul games are set to start Sept. 17, 1988. Invitations will be issued by the IOC one year in advance, although Samaranch has not set a deadline for concluding the North-South talks.

ress was being made.

No explosives found after bridge threat in Tour de France

LUZ-SAINT-SAUVEUR France (AP) - Spectators of the Tour de France cycle race were evacuated from a bridge Tuesday after a news agency received a telephone warning that the bridge was going to blow up.

In a call to the French news

agency Agence-France Presse in Toulouse, an anonymous caller said the bridge would be blown up at 4 p.m. (1400 GMT) and

then hung up.

Authorities cleared the Napolean Bridge of spectators at 3:30 p.m. (1330 GMT), according topolice sources who spoke on con-

dition of anonymity.

Bomb experts called to inspect the bridge announced at 4:30 p.m. (1430 GMT) that no explosives had been found.

The course of the 14th stage of race had been diverted from the bridge earlier in the day and rerouted to another bridge near this Pyrenees Mountain town after a suspicious vehicle was found parked on the bridge. Bomb disposal experts who examined the car said it did not contain explo-

Security around the race on Tnesday was tight with nearly 300 gendarmes on patrol after the arrest Saturday of two suspected Basque guerrilla men, who police said were carrying weapons and explosives and had planned to attack the race

One man escaped arrest and is still being sought. He was identified as Philippe Bidart, reputed head of the French Basque terrorist group Iparretarrak.

Romanian swimmer in for last

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia (Agencies) — Romanian swimming tyle relay but the U.S. quartet sensation Noemi Lung gained herself the chance of a sixth gold at the sports centre. medal at the World Student Games Tuesday.

Diving also enters the medals stage Tuesday with the finals of the women's springboard.

try for gold at Universiad

Lung, who has claimed four Universiad records in freestyle and medley races, helped Romania to the second best qualifying

Brazil's plunge feared to reflect on 1990 World Cup qualification Both Gerson and Soares agree that other South American countries are learning their soccer lessons and have improved their

> But "we are going from bad to worse. In my days," Gerson said, "we never discussed the amount of our bonuses before the start of a competition. This time, the players were demanding \$2,000 a head — including for the reserves - to beat Venezuela. This is outrageous.

quality of play.

The 19-year-old Lung admitted

she was feeling tired going into the final swimming events but knows she must become used to such exertion — she plans to compete in five events plus relays at next month's European Championships in Strasbourg.

In atbletics, men's and women's 100 metres finals were being beld later Tuesday with women athletes also competing for gold in four other events, including the 400 metres hurdles

U.S. coach Stanley Huntsman said his sprinters, who tagged" behind Frenchman Bruno Marie-Rose's qualifying time of 10.30 seconds, were looking forward to toe mai

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Amman Club goalie Khaled Abdul Fattah lies on pionship, ended with a 1-1 tie (Photo by Abdullah his side to embrace the incoming ball before Al Ahli Ayyoub) striker Adnan Alturk develops a winner. Tuesday's

Belgium promises fair trial for Heysel hooligans

BRUSSELS (Agencies) — Bel- held in prison at Louvain, just legal battle to extradite the fans. gian Justice Minister Jean Gol outside Brussels, he added. Sir Harry Livermore, who reprehas promised a fair trial for 26 English soccer fans who face extradition to Belgium for man-slaughter in a 1985 riot which killed 39 people in Brussel's Heysel Stadium.

Britain's highest court, the House of Lords, on Monday granted a Belgian government application to extradite the 26, overturning a lower court ruling in April which freed them on technical grounds.

Asked if they would have a fair trial, Gol said: "I have said since the beginning of this affair that Belgian justice is above any suspicion for the way it will try these

Monday's decision means the fans can avoid trial in Belgium only by appealing to British Home Secretary (interior minister) Donglas Hurd, who has a final say in extradition proceed-

But Gol said he was confident Hurd would give the go-ahead. The 26 would then be flown to Belgium as soon as possible and

The fans are likely to be tried by three judges with no jury and convicted could face a maximum sentence of 10 years in jail

Gol said the exact procedure and date for the trial would be fixed in consultation with the British government.

But be reacted angrily when asked if the trial would be over this year. "We will try and have the trial as soon as possible... the Belgian government did not invite these people to come to our country in May 1985 and commit

Attorney to seek trial in Britain

crimes," he said.

Meanwhile, a defence lawyer said Monday in London that the 26 English soccer fans, who face extradition on a manslaughter charge, will seek to be tried in

On the day the Belgian govern-

sents ten of the accused, said the next move was to try and per-suade Mr. Hurd to stage their trial in Britain.

The 26 are being held in custody facing a sample manslaughter charge arising out of the deaths of 39 mostly Italian people at the 1985 European Champions' Cup final between Liverpool and Juventus of Turin at

Brussels' Heysel Stadium. The people who died, including 34 Italians, were trampled when a wall collapsed as they tried to escape from fighting fans.

"Nobody is saying they should be acquitted," Livermore said. "If they are found guilty they should be punished."

What concerned the defence lawyers, he said, was the length of time the fans would have to remain in custody awaiting trial in Belgium, coupled with the language difficulties.

"There is a very good case to be made out for all 26 not to be ment won the latest round in its extradited" Livermore said.

Running of the bulls festival comes to end

PAMPLONA, Spain (AP) - After eight days of non-stop drinking and dancing, the young men of Pampiona Tuesday chanted the traditional "ob, poor me" song that ends the annual running

of the bulls festival. But before going bome to sleep, handreds of youths, dressed in white with red neckerchiefs, ran in front and alongside six fighting bulls and six steers in the final running of the bulls along the balf mile (one kilometre) stretch from the Cor-

rals to the bull ring.

A Navarre Hospital spokeswoman said six Spaniards were
treated for cuts and bruises suffered while trying to escape from the sharp horns. They were later

discharged.
About 20 other runners injured themselves in falls and were treated for minor injuries in Red Cross outposts.

Professional matadors were to fight the six bulls Tuesday after-

Four Spaniards were seriously gored during the running of the bulls festival, which started July 6, but they are recovering from their injuries, the hospital spokeswoman said. About a hun-dred youths were treated for

bruises and fractures. The festival and running of the bulls began to draw large international crowds after they were described in "the sun also rises," by American antbor Ernest

Since the San Fermin Festival began in 1591, bulls have gored 52 people to death, according to



Spanish matador Lucio Sandin, who miraculously escaped death last May, gets the scare of his life when the bull hooked his borns into the matador's trousers narrowly missing his skin. Emerging intact, Sandin soon regained his composure to continue the fight (file photo)

FURNISHED ROOF FLAT FOR RENT Consisting of one spacious bedroom, office, glassed-in-veran-

say in Colombia or Paraguay. 1 was regarded as the most bumi-fear we may not make it to Italy," liating defeat suffered by Brazil

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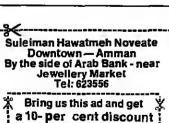
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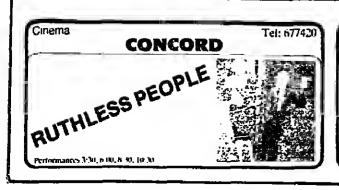
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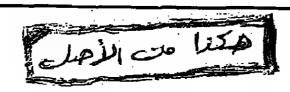
FERRIS BUELLER'S DAY



Performances 3:30, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30



12:15, 3:15, 5:45, 8:15



LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bulbon markets on Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar 1.3179/84 1.8430/37 2.0740/50 1*.5367/77* 38.22/25 6.1340/70

.Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs 1334/1335 Italian lira 150.80/90 Japanese yen 6.4275/4325 Swedish crowns 6.7450/7500 Norwegian crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

6.9925/75 One ounce of gold 447,20/447,70

1.00

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (AP) - Share prices on the London stock exchange closed at a record high Tnesday for the fourth straight trading

Dealers said buying interest materialised following an early steep drop due to profit-taking. One dealer said foreign buying was mainly responsible for the sharp rise in prices.

Among major gainers, Hawker Siddeley rose 19 pence to 616 amid continued speculation that BTR might make a bid for the

engineering group. BTR shares were up 2 at 356.
Standard Chartered also rose 16 to £14 on speculation it might become a takeover target, dealers said. In company news, Standard Chartered said it appointed Australian businessman Robert Holmes a court as a deputy chairman of the bank. Other banks were mostly higher. Barclays was up 3 at 616, National Westminster up 16 at 748, and Lloyds up 4 at 402. But midland was unchanged at 63g after the bank said it had received

an expression of interest in the purchase of Greenwell Montagu securities, its equity brokerage arm.

Store closed mixed. Great Universal stores was up 10 at 14.51

pounds and Marks and Spencer was up 1 at 267.

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1987 GENERAL TENDENCIES: You can come to a fine understanding with associates by delegating authority and finishing work which has piled up. Don't ignore the possibility of accidents.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You must budget your time wisely if you're to handle all your responsibilities and have time left for socializing.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) A unique talent you possess can be helpful if sharpened. Try to be more charming to those around you.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Home activities may require more attention than you thought. Handle your

correspondence when you're not busy.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) If you have chance, try to reinforce ties with old friends you

LEC (Jul. 22 to Aug. 23) Collect on loans and other debts to make bill pairing easier. Get plenty of rest tonight, you'll need it tomorrow.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Concentrate on your own ideas and forget about being helpful for the time being.

Your desires are within reach. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Avoid stirring up any

arguments with your mate, and form a plan of action

to succeed in fulfilling your goals.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A friend who is depressed needs your help. Being a good samariten today may end up being quite beneficial.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Handling public

and financial affairs should be your first priority. Evening work may be necessary.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Traveling a fair

distance will be worth the trip, although not immediately apparent. New friends can be made today. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Keep the promise

you have made and get them off your mind. You can achieve domestic blies with your mate.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Although boring, a long discussion with a partner is necessary. Be very articulate.

and cautious in any agreements.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will develop a lifetime plan while still very young. A very creative and scientific mind is developing here, so an education in engineering, architecture or electronics would be beneficial. A good diet and plenty of exercise are necessary to avoid health problems.

Kuwait revives bond market Iraqi president stresses to attract foreign borrowers

ket for foreign borrowers back to ance. life as it attempts to shake off a. five-year-old debt crisis and nervousness over the bloody Iran-Iraq war on its doorstep.
The World Bank last month

launched a 30-million-dinar (\$106 million) bond, the largest ever issue on the market.

It followed a 20-million-dinar (\$70 million) borrowing by Fin-land in May that effectively ended a five-year government moratorium on issues by foreign

Bankers said demand from Kuwaiti investors had been strong and two more issues were believed to be in the pipeline.

Mr. John Finigan, head of capital markets at the National Bank of Kuwait which arranged both issues, told Reuters: "The market had been closed because of gross indiscipline... in its very excesses were sown the seeds of. its destruction."

But the reopened market, carefully monitored by Knwait's monetary anthorities, has attempted to minimise speculation and to place bonds firmly in the hands of long-term investors. Kuwait's bond market dates

back to 1969, but by 1979, amid a flurry of speculative trading by local and international banks, it had to be closed down by the central bank. The market was reopened in 1980 only to be restricted again in 1982.

WASHINGTON (R) - In a deal

conservationists bope will be copied extensively, Bolivia

agreed Monday to set aside a virtually untouched rain forest in

return for a reduction of its \$4

The agreement, signed at the Bolivian embassy, called for Citi-

corp to purchase outstanding

Bolivian debt at the discounted

market price and sell it to Con-

servation International, an ecolo-

Conservation then turned the

note, which is valued at \$650,000

over to the Bolivian government,

which then agreed to set aside and protect 3.7 million acres in the northern part of the country.

In a briefing for reporters

Conservation Executive Director

Peter Seligmann said the new

accord sets a precedent that could

transform the way Third World

presently in negotiations with

four other Latin debtors but de-

The debt owned by Bobvia, a

critically poor country is being

sold in the marketplace at a dis-

count of about 85 per cent.
Thus, the debt cost only about

15 per cent of its face value,

allowing the \$650,000 note to be

retired at a cost of only \$100,000,

the latter amount was donated by

San-Francisco philanthropie

that Conscrvation

billion foreign debt.

gical organisation.

debt is reduced.

clined to name them.

MC 3

conservation scheme

Bolivia exchanges debt for vast

Mr. Richard Stately, chief economist at Borgan Bank in Kuwait, said: "It is a slightly dangerous situation... the money markets in Kuwait are not very well developed. We have had cases in the past where international bond issues have got out of hand and the central banks stepped in."

But Mr. Stutely and other bankers see the market as part of an important move to rebuild confidence eroded by the Gulf war and Kowait's \$90 billion 1982 collapse of stock trading.

While Knwait, bordering on Iraq and within earshot of the southern warfront, can do little about the conflict, it bas embarked on a comprehensive programme to repair damage to the banking system caused by the "Souk Al Manakh" share crash.

Kuwait's seven commercial banks were hit heavily by a mountain of post-dated cheques which were not bononred. A government debt settlement prog-ramme unveiled a year ago has gone a long way to clearing up that legacy.

In the light of these problems, bankers see the decision of Finland and the World Bank to borrow in Kuwaiti dinars as no small vote of confidence in the

Mr. Finigan said the two new Some bankers remain cautious issues, both paying interest to

adjacent to the existing Beni

Biosphere, a unique Amazonian region in northern Bobvia that

supports 13 of the country's 18

the Chimane, a nomadic group of

Mr. Seligmann told reporters that Third World nations have

begun depleting their natural re-

source reserves - fisheries,

minerals, forests - in an attempt

to pay off almost \$1.1 trillion in

ing and sustained economic

growth are being undermined, not strengthened, by the growing

pressure being placed on the re-

source bases of economically de-

reduce a growing environmental

Mr. Sebgmann said that the

He said that forests throughout

the tropics are being destroyed at

an unprecedented rate. Critical

watersheds are deteriorating and

vast mimbers of animal species

"Environmental degradation

and weak economies, deforesta-

tion and poverty, overpopulation

clearly interrelated," be said.

are becoming extinct or

pressed nations," be said.

"The prospects for debt-servic-

The Beni is also the bome to

endangered animal species.

bunters and gatherers.

overseas debt.

BAHRAIN (R) — Kuwait is and stress the need for a closely investors at 7½ per cent, had controlled and gradual renaise- been handled by all-Kuwaiti consortia, avoiding the involvement of international banks that had contributed to speculative trading in the 1970s.

'We want to avoid the trading excesses of the Euromarkets," he

In recent months Kuwait's central bank has been faced with a classic dilemma of trying to foster business confidence through lower interest rates while preventing capital outflows.

Earlier this year, the central bank cut domestic interest rates three times, but as fighting in the Gulf war intensified and dollar interest rates rose it was forced to drive no rates again by cutting off liquidity aid to the money market in May.

Mr. Stutely said: "A major question must be the danger of capital ontflows."

But recently the central bank entered the market to stem a rise in rates that some bankers saw linked to a drain of liquidity caused by the World Bank issue.

For "prime name" borrowers such as Finland and the World Bank, the attraction of dinar bonds is primarily in currency diversification away from more traditional borrowings.

In addition, the cost of the World Bank's borrowing is slightly more than one percentage point cheaper than a similar, seven-year, deal in the dollar bond market, bankers said.

Chase, First Chicago report sharp losses The new conservation area is

NEW YORK (AP) — Two big U.S. commercial banks, Chase Manhattan Corp. of New York and First Chicago Corp. reported sharp second-quarter losses Mou-day, reflecting their decision to increase loan-loss reserves against shaky Third World loans. Chase Manhattan, the nation's third-largest bank holding com-pany said it lost \$1.4 billion in the three months ended June 30. During the same period a year-ago Chase earned \$145.76 mil-

lion. For the first six months of 1987 Chase said it had a consolidated net loss of \$1.3 billion, compared with net income of \$289 million in 1986. First Chicago, the 11th largest bank holding company, reported a net loss of \$698.3 million, compared with net income of \$63.6

million in the 1986 quarter. For

Chicago lost \$633.32 milion. Both companies, among the many major U.S. banks to recognise the vulnerability of many credits to less-developed countries, had said they would suffer huge quarterly losses because of the increase in their loan-loss

reserves. The banks bave cited the decision by Brazil, the developing world's biggest debtor, to halt interest payments on its interna-tional bank debt in February.

need to raise productivity

BAGHDAD, Iraq (AP) — President Saddam Hussein has renewed his call for Iraq's industrialists to increase production to stimulate the country's warbattered economy, the official Iraqi News Agency reported Monday.

It quoted a speech the president made to industrial officials June 7 and which was published by Baghdad newspapers Monday. President Saddam has recently initiated a series of reforms aimed at raising productivity in state-run enterprises and liberalising the private sector and import regula-

President Saddam, wbose country is burdened with a foreign debt estimated at around \$50 billion, called for innovation in applying controls imposed by Iraq's Baath Socialist government on investment and imports.

"Life does not accept readymade formats or rigid methods and formulas for action should not become dogmas," he declared.

Among the key measures taken recently were a major shake-up in the state-run sector, included sell-

ing off unproductive assets and moving thousands of civil servants to work in government-run enterprises that currently account for about half Iraq's industrial sector.

President Saddam also criticised state officials for relying too much on import credits and urged entrepreneurs to stimulate the economy and utilise domestic re-

"Credit should not be taken as free of charge," the president was quoted as saying. "It's a delayed financial commitment and when the state is overburdened with commitments conditions will be more complicated."

Before the war with Iran broke out in September 1980, Iraq bad foreign currency reserves of around \$50 billion earned from its oil exports.

early in the war, aimed primarily at cushioning Iraq's 15 million population from the economic impact of the war, and a drop in oil prices, Baghdad had to suspend letters of credit with many foreign companies.

It has also bad to negotiate rescheduling its foreign debt repayments with its major credi-tors, including West Germany, France, Italy, Japan and Yugos-

However, Iraq has the second largest oil reserves in the region after Saudi Arabia.

Oil Minister Issam Al Chalabi said last month that Iraq is currently exporting more than two million barrels a day through two pipelines through Turkey and Saudi Arabia.

Iraqi exports are expected to increase to around three million barrels a day when a new pipeline through Turkey is opened shortly, government officials bave

Iraq is a member of the 13nation Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries, but is excluded from an agreement to curb

But because of high spending production to boost prices.

EC ministers agree on farm funding

LUXEMBOURG (AP) — The European Community (EC) farm ministers Monday agreed on a funding plan to keep the trading bloc's farm subsidies programme solvent through the rest of the

The agreement was reached by 10 of the 12 member countries, Holland and Greece still making reservations. It was expected, however, that they will lift them after the European Parliament bas approved the agreement, which is considered likely.

The member countries will delay farm subsidy payments for up to two months to cover the esti- will advance.

mated deficit of over 4.3 billion European Currency Units (\$4.9 billion) in the current year.

Under an accounting switch, farm payments for November and December will not be made by the EC in advance, as at present, but will be delayed until next

Instead, the member states will advance the cash to farmers and traders and then get their money back from Brussels. The four poorest EC states - Greece, Ireland, Spain and Portugal will get an interest of 6.8 per cent from EC funds on the cash they

The commission said the change, which is to remain in effect until the governments agree on a different scheme, will allow the EC to survive its acute financial problems.

The switch from advances to reimbursements was approved in principle by EC government leaders at their summit in Brussels

The commission estimated it will cost 27.2 billion ECUs (\$31 billion) this year to subsidise guaranteed farm prices and to pay for the storage of surplus

Coca-Cola to reenter **Gulf Arab markets**

ABU DHABI (R) — The U.S. soft drinks giant Coca-Cola plans to return to the Incrative Gulf market in earnest after 20 years on the Arab boycott list.

Industry sources said anthor-ities in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) and Oman had approved the sale of Coca Cola and construction of a licensed bottling plant at Al Ain, an oasis city on their border 160 kilometres east of Abu Dhabi.

Coca-Cola's arch rival Pepsico, joyed virtually nncballenged dominance in the Gulf.

At stake throughout the Arab World is a Cola market estimated at nearly five billion bottles a

A Coca-Cola official in England, from where its Middle East operations are directed, confirmed the company and local authorities had approved the project for the UAE and Oman. Industry sources gave no date for the start of construction of the plant but said sale of imported Coca-Cola could begin in the two countries as early as September.

Coca-Cola was placed on the Arab League company boycott list in 1967 because it bad a franchise bottler in Israel. But since then it bas managed to return to a number of Arab

The Coca-Cola official said the drink was sold in Morocco. Mauritania, Algeria, Tunisia, Egypt, Somalia, Djibouti and North Yemen — its only toebold on the Arabian peninsula.

countries, mainly in north and

cast Africa.

Coca-Cola was bottled briefly in Sudan under former president Jaafar Al Numeiri, then banned again when he was overthrown in April 1985.

The company official said, bowever, there were no negotiations under way with either the Arab League or individual Arab governments on removing it from

Soviet trade with West falls

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet leadership's drive for economic renewal suffered a setback with the news that trade turnover with the West fell by 18 per cent in the first three months of 1987 against the same period last year.

Data published in the foreign

trade journal Uneshnyaya Tor-govlya showed that Soviet imports from the West dropped by 23.1 per cent and exports by 10.7 per cent as Moscow posted a deficit of 562.4 million roubles-

The figures mark the fifth suc-West has fallen in the period from January to March. In the first three months of 1983, when the trend began, turnover was about

50 per cent higher than in the same period this year.

The latest deficit was lower than the 1.25 billion recorded in the \$\frac{1.25}{2.50}\$ billion recorded in the \$\frac{1.25}{2.50}\$ billion recorded by the same period of the \$\frac{1.25}{2.50}\$ billion. first three months of 1986, but economists said this was achieved by slashing mucb-needed imports of Western industrial equipment and technology.

Peanuts



the Frank Weeden Foundation, a . and bunger are now recognised as







Mutt'n' Jeff









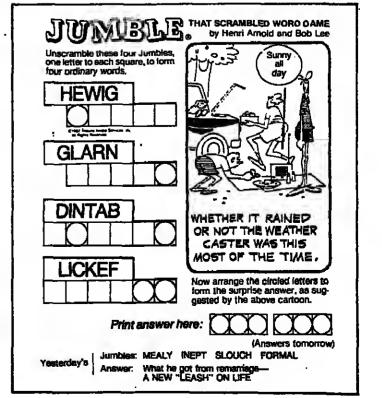
Andy Capp

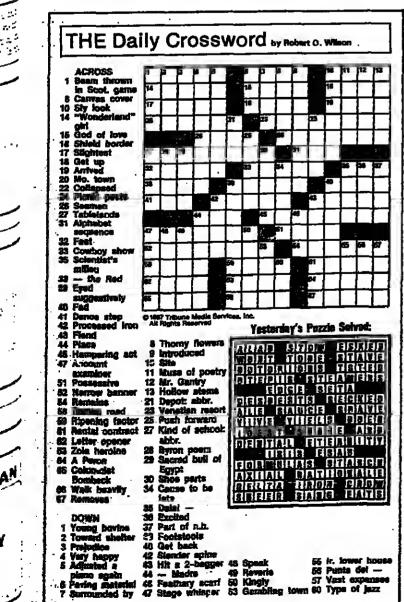












Filipino army widens hunt for coup plotters

MANILA (R) — The Philippine army Tuesday widened its hunt for serving officers and men implicated in a plot to seize passengers from incoming international flights in the latest bid to topple President Corazon Aquino.

Manila's international airport, which the plotters had planned to seize, remained on 24-bour alert, heavily guarded by shotgunwielding police and special

Senior officials said there was no apparent link with an elaborate scheme by Ferdinand Marcos to invade the country he once

Intelligence sources, however, told Reuters that Marcos, through his money and his sup-porters, remained the biggest threat to Mrs. Aquino.

Military and political analysts called the plots a last ditch attempt to disrupt the July 27 convening of a newly-elected two-house congress which will. complete the Philippines return to a democracy lost during Marcos' rule.

The military, interrogating a major and four other middleranking officers over the plot, said it was seeking a further 20 men from the Paramilitary Constabulary, the army and the air

A smiling Aquino, questioned on her way to a scheduled meeting with military chiefs, appeared unconcerned at the new flood of coup plots and rumours that bave

dogged her 18-month presidency.

"Well, I'm glad that they're investigating these suspected plotters," she told reporters.

Mrs. Aquino promoted 21 coloreds and navy contains to coner.

onels and navy captains to generals in a ceremony seen by analysts as part of her move to consolidate her relations with senior officers while bolstering the morale of an

SYDNEY (R) - Australia's

Labour Party government, elected during the weekend for a record third term, will lay the foundation for the country to enter the next decade "holding its

head up among industrial na-

said Tuesday. Mr. Keating, in a radio inter-

tain is prepared to consider proposals for easing access to U.N.

war crimes commission files but

wants to maintain safeguards

against irresponsible use of un-

tested material, a British spokes-

He was giving details of a letter

sent to Secretary General Javier

Perez de Cuellar last Thursday by

British U.N. representative Sir

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you

Partner opens the bldding with one no trump. What action do you

Q.3—Neither vulnerable, as South

you hold: **4AJ2** ∇Q107 ○KJ83 **4**K65

Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What action do you

Q.3—As South, vulnerable, you

49923 7a2 €Q10652 465

Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you

The bidding has proceeded: North East South

What action do you take?

I NT Obl

The letter was in answer to a criminals.

GOREN BRIDGE

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

man has said.

Crispin Tickell.

treasurer Paul Keating

U.K. agrees to ease access

to U.N. war crime files

Australian government seeks

strong industrial base

army Marcos once held in a tight

Mrs. Aquino also promoted Armed Forces Deputy Chief Renato de Villa to lientenant-generand Army Chief Restituto Padilla and Southern Mindanao Commander Cesar Tapia to

major-generals. Intelligence sources linked prominent Marcos supporter Rafael Recto and one-time Manila Vice-Mayor James Barbers to the plot but both men denied involvement.

"They are crazy ... this is all tainous reg foolishness," Mr. Recto said ou nao Island.

Senior intelligence sources, speaking on condition of anonymity, told Reuters they believed the Marcos faction formed the only significant threat to Mrs. Aquino's otherwise popular administration.

"Much of this is the work of fantasy, but they can be a real threat still. They are powered with a lot of money and money can produce results," one added.

The latest plot was leaked publicly at the weekend as the Philippine was still digesting the revelation that Marcos had planned from his Hawaii exile to mount a massive invasion, involving 10,000 men and millions of dollars worth of sophisticated weaponry.

The scheme was generally ridiculed in Manila but prompted warnings from the U.S. State Department which said it had restricted Marcos' movements. Defence Secretary Rafael Ileto

view three days after the general

election, said he wanted to re-

main in his present job to com-

plete the restructuring of the eco-

Prime Minister Boh Hawke,

who is in the process of selecting

his new cabinet, bas said impor-tant ministries, such as the treas-

ury, would remain unchanged.

request from Mr. Prez de Cuellar

who is canvassing the views of the

17 countries that served on the

commission between 1943 and

1948 about Israel's campaign for

the commission was dishanded

and its dossiers handed over to

the United Nations in 1948, only

governments may bave access to

the archives, containing the names of some 40,000 alleged war

⊽J762 ♦J1062 465

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South

What action do you take?

The bidding has proceeded:

What action do you take?

The bidding has proceeded:

What action do you take?

Pass

North East South West

North East South West 1♠ Pass 1♥ Pass 1♠ Pass ?

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as South

you hold: -K75 TK876 Q103 -762

Q.6—Both vulnerable, as South

you hold: ♠K76 ♥K876 \$1092 \$762

Under rules established when

public access.

may agree to scrap missiles told reportrs the authorities had uncovered no direct connection in Asia between the two schemes.

Meanwhile soldiers clashed WASHINGTON (R) — Soviet arms control official Sergei Chuwith Communist New People's Army (NPA) rebels north east of vakhin has said Moscow could the capital Tuesday, killing three agree to a NATO demand to guerrillas and wounding three, the military said. scrap all medium-range missiles in Asia if Washington reduced its nuclear forces in the Pacific.

Monday.

"We are ready to agree on zero

if the American side would be

ready to eliminate nuclear forces

of the region of Japan, the Philip-pines and the Far East," Mr.

Chuvakhin, arms control counsel-

lor at the Soviet embassy in

Washington, told a symposium sponsored by Harvard University

He said Moscow had made

specific proposals at the Geneva

arms control talks but Washing-ton 'flatly refused' to discuss

reductions in its Asian forces.

He declined to give details of

these proposals but he told Ren-

ters: "The United States bas air-

craft carriers, fighter hombers, which can strike Soviet territory.

There are some other nuclear

Mr. Chuvakhin and Kennetb

Adelman, head of the U.S. Arms

Control and Disarmament Agen-

cy, traded charges on who was

responsible for lack of progress in

Mr. Adelman said the Soviet

side had refused to hargain on

major issues, while Mr. Chu-vakhin said a bostile U.S. attitude

had poisoned the atmosphere.

thing new from Mr. Adelman,

Mr. Chuvakhin said, 'but unfor-tunately we can see the same

aggressive line against Soviet

The United States last Friday

publicly acknowledged the arms

stalemate, accusing the Kremlin of playing a delaying game in order to wring new concessions

Mr. Adelman said he was dis-

appointed the Soviet Union had

not agreed to a U.S. proposal for

a meeting this week between

Secretary of State George Sbultz and Soviet Foreign Minister

Mr. Adelman accused Moscow

of not being interested in resolv-

ing such issues as its demand to

retain in Asia 100 warheads for

medinm-range missiles which

bave a range of 1,000 to 5,000

demand would not impede a trea-

ty, but it has repeatedly made

cicar it would prefer to eliminate

this class of weapons entirely, as

NATO proposed at a recent fore-

ign ministers' meeting.

arms control policy."

from Washington.

Eduard Sbevardnadze.

"I boped I would bear some-

arms control negotiations.

systems in this region."

Moscow

A Philippine Constabulary re-port said the hattle occurred about 7 a.m. (2300 Monday GMT) at Tibalo village at San Luis town, 140 kilometres from Manila in Aurora province. It said a patrol of scout rangers

exchanged fire with 15 NPA rebels. The report did not mention any casualties among the soldiers. The military also said it captured two rebel camps and killed five guerrillas Sunday in a mountainous region of central Minda-

Brig.-Gen. Manuel Dizon, commander of the army's 34th Brigade in Malaybalay, 950 kilometres south east of Manila, said Tuesday both camps were near Quezon, a town about 80 kilometres to the south.

Rebeis free hostages

Muslim rebels have freed two kidnapped United Nations workers in the Southern Philippines, but one of the released women warned Tuesday that more bostages might be taken.

Filipinas Teofila Smith, 34, and Linda Madrid, 26, were handed unbarmed Monday after five days in captivity to a government emissary at a rebel mountain hideout in Masiao town, Lanao Del Sur

The kidnappers bad demanded \$20,000 for the women's release but emissary Noordin Lucman, son of the provincial governor, said he paid no ransom.

Reagan denies his presidency based on personality

INDIANAPOLIS (AP) — President Ronald Reagan, his credibility battered by the Iran-contra. affair, has challenged the idea that his presidency is somehow based more on personality than

on policy."

Mr. Reagan, for the first time, raised the issue of his personal popularity and struck a combative stance in a speech on his economic policies before the annual convention of the Nation-

al Association of Counties. He denied anew that his current series of speech-making trips were designed to distract attention from the Iran-contra affair. He added: "And while I am getting a few things off my chest, omething else has been hother-

ing me lately. "Critics have claimed that in opposing our administration on the issues, they're at some kind of an unfair advantage - that this presidency is somebow based more on personality than ou policy," Mr. Reagan said.

The truth is, no president can remain popular unless be retains the fundamental support of the American people on the issues. "So I invite my critics — I welcome my critics - to go after

me on the issues just as hard as they please," he added. "We'll let the people decide who's right and who's wrong." The president's critics and sup-

porters alike have long believed

that Mr. Reagan is, indeed, more-

popular than some of the policies

he espouses, and that his public standing transcends his position on individual issues. Mr. Reagan made two stops in Indiana, holding a private "roundtable discussion" with Governor Robert Orr and about 100 other state and county offi-

cials in nearby Danville before addressing the convention. Outside the courthouse in Danville, a crowd applauded lustily when the president urged support for his proposed halanced-budget constitutional amendment and gave him prolonged applause at the beginning and end of his

His trip coincided with the publication of polls by Time and Newsweek magazines that found most people believe Mr. Reagan has not told the truth in denying that he know about the diversion of Iran arms-sale profits to the

contra rebels in Nicaragua. The pulls, taken as fired White House aide Oliver North testified before Congress, said most respondents believed that Col. North received authorisation from his superiors, including Mr. Reagan, for all his activities.

Taiwan announces end of 38-year martial law

TAIPEI (R) - President Chiang Ching-Kuo Tuesday formally announced an end to 38 years of martial law.

The announcement, made in a brief presidential statement, follows last week's parliamentary vnte to end martial law after the cabinet approved its lifting and introduced a national security law as a replacement. Interior Minister Wu Poh-Hsiung said Tuesday: "The lifting

is a major event in Taiwan's politics. It is a hig step in our march towards constitutional Martial law, ended at midnight, has been in effect in Taiwan since 1949 when

Kuomingtang (Nationalist) forces retreated to Taiwan after being defeated by the Communists in a civil war in China. Mr. Wu urged all people throughout Taiwan to support

lifting of martial law would boost Taiwan's international image and strengthen its unofficial relations with the United States.

Mr. Chiang has ordered his cabinet to study the possibility of reducing the jail terms of civilians convicted by military courts and restore their civil rights.

Sources close to the cabinet said the government might com-mute such jail terms by about

Opposition politicians welcomed the lifting of martial law but have strongly opposed the new national security law, which they call martial law in another

Foreign businessmen lauded the government moves to lift martial law, saying Taiwan will win more friends as a result of its political reform.

Now we expect the pobtical reform to catch up with Taiwan's remarkable economic progress. Political analysts have said the a foreign banker said.

Nakasone calls Toshiba Machine exports treachery

TOKYO (R) - Toshiba Machine Soviet Union. U.S. officials said the Soviet Union that was used to upgrade its armed forces, Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone said Tuesday.

"The fact that such a violation was committed by Japanese citizens or a Japanese company is a grave act of treachery not only towards America, but toward the Japanese people," Mr. Nakasone told the hudget committee of the lower house of parliament.

The United States bas been oatraged by Toshiba Machines

committed treachery by illegally the machines were used to make exporting advanced machinery to almost silent.

"We have no direct proof of what was done (to the muclear submarine propellers), but there was subsequently a major change," Mr. Nakasone said.

International Trade and Industry Minister Hajime Tamura told the same committee his ministry would thoroughly investigate to determine whether there bad been any similar violations of rules among industrialised demosales in the early 1980s of adv-anced milling machines to the Communist countries.

Kohl: Peking, Bonn seek long-term cooperation

PEKING (R) — West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl, rounding off talks with Chinese leaders, said Bonn and Peking sought lasting and stable cooperation. Meetings with senior leader Deng Xiaoping and Premier Zhao Ziyang were conducted in complete harmony and mutual trust, he told a news conference in the Great Hall of the People. Mr. Deng earlier described West Germany as China's most important partner in Europe and the official New China News Agency quoted Mr. Zhao as saying that relations bad

embarked on a road of long-term and steady development. "We and our Chinese partners are seeking long-term, stable and comprehensive cooperation

generations and be continued by them," Mr. Kohl said.

"Our country needs friends and reliable partners in the world. We are convinced that China can and will be such a reliable friend and partner," he

West Germany is China's leading trading partner in Europe with two-way business totalling more than \$4 billion last year. Mr. Zhao told the West German delegation China wanted to boost its exports to cut its trade deficit

Mr. Khol said Bonn was willing to see, the number of Chinese students and industrial trainees in West Germany rise to 3,000 from the present 2,000 within the next which will bring benefits to future three years.

It remains to be seen, the

diplomats said, if the government

Panama seeks to boost social programmes

PANAMA CITY (R) - Military strongman General Mannel. Antonio Noriega has met Presi-dent Eric Arturo Delvalle and his cabinet to discuss a wide range of social programmes, a communi-que from the presidential palace

The statement said the leaders discussed the recent wave of political nurest but concentrated on the need for new programmes in 'education, health and bousing to benefit the country's socio-

economic development. A presidential spokesman said there was a growing demand for public works projects and assistance for Panama's overwhelming

majority of poor. Gen. Nor "While people are down on style rule.

dying of bunger out there," the spokesman said. The reference to 50th Street

50th Street waving their white

handkerchiefs we've got peasants

was to part of the fashionable banking district where caravans of mostly middle-class Panamanians bave demonstrated their discontent with the government recently by waving white handkerchiefs.

Diplomats said it appeared clear the government was addressing the need to improve the lot of the poor out of concern that Panama's masses may soon join the middle-class led revolt against Gen. Noriega's authoritarian-

has the resources or ability, amid the mounting confusion and lack of confidence here, to use populist reforms to quell the mounting discontent in Panama after nearly two decades of military rule. Panama City has been wracked by over a mouth of unrest and

street protests since Gen. Noriega's former second-in-command Colonel Roberto Diaz Herrera, accused him of crimes ranging from corruption and electoral fraud to political murder.

Gen. Noriega bas denied the charges against him and attributed growing calls for his ouster to a small group of U.S.-backed

Dhaka charges opposition leaders with rioting charged with rioting, assault on

ment property.

councils

police and destruction of govern-

The charges stem from a pro-

test march in Dhaka on Sunday,

the first day of the most wide-

spread anti-government protests in Bangladesh since martial law

At least 100 people, including

seven policemen, were injured in

the first clash, which broke out

minutes after the 330-member

parliament, dominated by Presi-

dent Hussain Muhammad

Ershad's Jatiya Party, passed a

law adding armed forces mem-

bers to the nation's 64 district

gathered at the city's main square

and began a march toward par-

The law passed Sunday allows

the government to appoint a

military representative to each of

the nation's 64 district councils.

The move will give the military a

say in local administration and

Opposition legislators walked

out of the chamber, saying the

measure amounted to a renewal

The other five leaders who

have been charged are Amir Hos-

sain Amu of the opposition Awa-

development programmes.

of martial law.

Soon afterward, a crowd

was lifted last November.

DHAKA, Bangladesb (AP) -Twenty-six opposition leaders and activists were charged Tuesday with provoking riots to protest a law giving the military more power in local governments, said

Meanwhile, protests against the law brought Dhaka to a virtual halt for a third day Tuesday. The capital city of 4 million people remained relatively quiet amid scattered monsoon rains during the early hours of the

dawn-to-noon general strike. There were no immediate reports of renewed violence after two days of street hattles Sunday and Monday between police and demonstrators.

The general strike closed most shops and emptied the streets of Dhaka on what an alliance of opposition parties declared "a black day of protest."

Groups of students chanting 'down with President Ersbad' and "down with militarisation policy" marched in small processions, escorted hy vans packed with riot police.

Police sources told the Associated Press that eight top opposition leaders, including former Home Minister Abdul Mannan and former Foreign Ministers Abdus Samad Azad and Kamal Hossain were among those mi Lezgue; Saifuddin Akmad

Manik and Mujabidul Islam Selim of the pro-Soviet Communist Party of Bangladesh; the Secretary-General of the Bangladesb Workers Peasants Awami League, Abdur Razzak; and National Awami Party Secretary-General Pankaj Bhattacharya.

Police said the eight leaders have not been taken into custody, hut I8 lower-ranking opposition activists who were detained after the rioting have been refused

"We bave no immediate plan to arrest the eight leaders, hut their 18 workers were sent to jail for legal action," said an officer at Dhaka's Ramna Police Station who spoke on condition of anonymity. Bangladesh law allows oolice to hring formal charges without taking a person into cus-

President Hussain Muhammad Ershad, a general who restored civilian rule on Nov. 10 after 41/2 years of martial law, faces opposition charges that he continues to run a military administration after the formal lifting of martial

Gen. Ershad has repeatedly denied the charge, saying his government has restored "real democracy" in this turbulent nation of-103 million people.

COLUMNS 768

Stallone files for divorce

LOS ANGELES (R) — Actor Sylvester Stallone has aunounced that he has separated from his wife of 19 months, Damsh-born actress Brigitte Nielsen, and filed for divorce on grounds of irreconcilable differences. The announcement, which followed months of denials by the 41-year-old star of the popular Rocky and Rambo films, was made by Stallone's publicity agent, Paul Bloch. Stallone, who bas two children from his 10-year marriage to Sasha Stallone, wed Nielsen, 24, in December 1985 in a tightly guarded private ceremony. Nielsen was also married once before. Nielsen, who has a leading role in Eddie Murphy's hit film Beverly Hills Cop II, said she fell in love with Stallone when, as a teenager, she saw the film Rocky. She appeared with Stallone in Rocky IV. In March Stallone issued a statement saying that victous rumours that we are separating and getting a divorce are totally false and inaccurate...." Stallone, who is filming Rambo III, is Hollywood's highest-paid leading man, earning an estimated \$16 million per film.

U.S. to ban smoking on short flights

WASHINGTON (R) — The U.S. House of Representatives has voted to ban smoking on airline flights of two bours or less. The ban, approved by a vote of 198 to 193, was contained in an amendment to an \$11 billion transportation appropriations bill. The no-smoking amendment must still be adopted by the Senate and signed by President Reagan before becoming law.

U.S. to evacuate AIDS victim from China

PEKING (R) — A U.S. Air Force plane is expected from the Philippines Wednesday to evacuate an American AIDS victim stranded at Kunming, in south-west China, a U.S. embassy spokesman said. The spokesman told reporters that an aircraft, probably an air ambulance, was due to leave Clark Air Base Wednesday, pick up 38-year-old Brent Anderson and fly him bome via the Philippines. He did not know how long the trip would take. The U.S. authorities decided to intervene after China's national Airline, CAAC, and the U.S. carrier Northwest Orient refused to take him. The spokesman said the mission would cost \$40,000 and would be paid for privately. He declined to say whether Anderson would bave to pay the full amount.

Saudi Arabia arrests drugs dealer

RIYADH (R) - A drugs dealer bolding more than three million narcotic pills was arrested in Saudi Arabia, and the man who caught him will get a \$6,600 reward. The official Saudi Press Agency, reporting the arrest, did not name the trafficker hut said policeman Mohammad Hashem Regan would receive a 25.000-

Woman seized with pouched kangaroo

BRISBANE (R) — Australian police have stopped an American woman from taking a baby kangaroo on board an airliner. The three-month-old animal, wrapped in a blankel, was discovered in a small bag just before Tracey Weinstock. 26, boarded a flight from Brisbane to Mount Isa ia Queensland, a police spokesman said. Weinstock, who said the animal had been rejected by its mother, was not charged. But police confiscated the kangaroo and sent it to a state-run sanctuary near Brisbane. It is illegal in Australia to carry an animal on a commercial flight. Now police have to work out now Weinstock brought the kangaroo, which she found in Mount Isa, to Brisbane in the first place.

Surgeon begins house arrest in slums

LOS ANGELES (R) — A Beverly Hills brain surgeon convicted of owning apartment blocks infested with vermin and cockroaches began 30 days under house arrest in one of his slum apartments after an electronic 'watchdog' was locked on his ankle. Milton Avol, will be confined to the unit from 5:30 p.m. to 8:30 a.m. and during the day will help works crews make repairs at the huilding. Avol, who has been the target of substandard housing investiga-tions since 1977, was fitted with a surveillance anklet that will alert authorities if he strays more than 50 metres from the apartment. He can have visitors. He has already spent 15 days in a detention centre after being convicted of violating health, fire, building and health safety codes in a building the prosecution said was infested with vermin and cockroaches.

Church calls Masonic rituals 'blasphemy'

YORK, England (AP) - Leaders of the Church of England gave an overwhelming vote of support to a church report saying the rituals of Freemasons are hlaspbemous. The policy-making General Synod, at its regular summer session in York, voted 394-52 with five abstentions to endorse the report and commended it for discussion in the Anglican State Church. The report, "Freemasonry and Christianity: Are They Compatible?" stopped sbort of advising church members to resign from Masonic Lodges, but said some Christians found Masonic rituals disturbing and "positively evil." Margaret Hewitt, an Exeter University sociologist who chaired the seven-member panel that produced the report, told the synod: "Matters concerning Freemasonry have been a matter of concern to Christians both in this country and elsewhere for many years." But a clergyman Mason in the synod, the Rev. Dennis Ede, who failed to push through an amendment that would bave stopped discussing the subject further, warned the report could lead to be resy-hunting.

Chinese urged to stop illegal gamblers

PEKING (R) — China bas urged the families of illegal gamhlers to belp police stamp out the phenomenon, after the discovery of a secret gaming den outside Peking. "The masses, including the relatives of gamhlers, should assist the police ... Everybody must wipe out this phenomenon as if it were a rat crossing the road," the Peking Daily said. The paper said gambling had weeked Chinese families and social order before the Communist revolution and was now recommended. tion and was now reemerging. All gambling has been illegal since 1949. A man named Lu Fuxi and three others have been sentenced to two years' "education through labour" for running a gamhling den in a hotel near Peking, it added. They arranged Mah Jong Games where the stakes reached \$100, or four months' pay for a typical Chinese factory worker, earlier reports said. Most of the gamblers at the all-night sessions were from China's newly-rich class of private entrepreneurs, they said. Last week bank officials were sacked after robbers escaped with gold bullion from a treasury in north-east China while guards gambled.

Experts seek to halt capture of pandas

PEKING (R) - A Chinese scientist has called for a halt in the capture of rare giant pandas for zoos and said the endangered species had more chance of surviving in the wild. Professor Hu Jinchu told an international conference on wildlife conservation in China that 100 pandas bred in captivity in Chinese and overseas zoos since the early 1960s had died early because they lived out of their proper environment. Zoos were often unable to provide enough arrow bamboo, the pandas' ideal diet, he said. The shortage of arrow hamboo in the wild is a major reason for the plight of the panda, now thought to number only about 1,000 in western China. Hu said only pandas needed for scientific research should be kept in zoos. The others should be allowed to remain in their mountainous, wooded native habitats. Pandas are highly popular in both Chinese and overseas zoos. In China, some are taught to perform tricks for audiences. Last month, the China Daily newspaper quoted Chinese scientists as saying there was little chance of saving the panda from extinction. "The only effort we can make is to put off its doom as long as possible," it quoted a researcher as saying.

- IPAQI-JORDANIAN LAND TRANSPORT COMPANY

The Iraqi-Jordanian Land Transport Co. invites bids for the

supply of the following:-A. 150 truck-tractors.

B. 150 semi-trailers (general cargo),

D. 4 low bed semi-trailers (heavy cargo).

E. 15 semi-trailer/tank (vegetable oil), F. 15 semi-trailer (car carriers).

purchased from the company's main offices in Jabal Amman, opposite to the Tunisian embassy for the sum of JD 100 non-refundable.

All offers are to be submitted by 12.00 hours on Saturday Aug. 15, 1987 accompanied by a bid bond for 5% of offer value. Director General

TENDER

C. 2 truck-tractors (heavy cargo),

A copy of the tender terms and specifications may be

Eng. Jamil Ibrahim